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Original Story.

[Written for the Gazette.]

BLANCHE DE LA COUR.

Strains of voluptuous music floated on the soft autumnal air, and were lost among the crags of the mountains in whose shadow rested the beautiful little town of Nanci. Although the tones of the glad bride were hushed by the shrill notes of the trumpet and the thunderings of the deep-mouthed cannon, yet the waves of the Mearthe regarded it not, but went on whispering their sweet love-songs to each other. But when the winsome sunbeams came down to share their pretty sports, no sooner did they alight upon the treacherous surface than the fickle little enchanters with one touch of their magic wands made the hapless thing fall in a shower of glittering diamonds around, and the sportful mermaids as they danced their merry roundelays to the music of the shells, caught them as they fell, and garlanded their emerald tresses in happy glee.

The simple peasants started in astonishment as the various splendid pageantries met their bewildered gaze at every turn. Numberless banners floated impatiently on the soft balmy air. Fountains of bright, sparkling wine flowed freely in every court, and triumphant arches wreathed with garlands of daisies were thrown across every street. Revelry and feasting resounded through the whole town, as the peasants arrayed in their holiday attire thronged everywhere to carouse on the happy occasion.

The beautiful young Marguerite d'Anjou had just been married by proxy to Henry VI, of England, in the grand old Cathedral of St. Martin, and she now sat proud and happy by the side of her uncle and aunt, the King and Queen of France, and watched with sparkling eye, the tournament that had been proclaimed in her honor by King Rene, her father, who at this moment, tilted with the gallant Charles of Aragon. None the less proud and happy was her mother, the noble Isabella of Lorraine, who, having passed safely through a fierce ordeal of sorrow and misfortune, sustained by a true spirit of heroism, her only solace her two children, Marguerite and Yolante, had now the satisfaction of placing one of them on the proudest throne of Europe.

By her side sat her oldest, the beautiful Yolante, whose face, usually sad, was now lit up with excitement and pleasure. Her pensive black eye followed eagerly the movements of a handsome young noble as he mingled with the combatants in the lists.

Betrothed in her infancy to this gallant knight, the Count de Vaudemonte, her marriage had never been celebrated, and her captive heart grew more and more sick as day after day, month after month, the years flew by, leaving the consummation of her happiness as remote as ever.

But this morning, all attire and ready for the ceremonies of the day in which she was to play an important part, she had stood waiting for her sister, alone and wrapped in meditation, by an open casement, gazing listlessly down upon the gay scenes that were presented below in the palace court. Her sad eye was suffused with tears, and her sweet, beautiful face was unusually pale, for the longing that ever filled her sad heart; instead of being stilled as hope grew faint, gained new strength by delay.

Suddenly a well-known, well-loved voice fell upon her dreamy ear, and broke the magic spell that the enchantress, Thought, had laid upon her. Turning, she encountered the impassioned gaze of the Count de Vaudemonte, who had loved the fair maiden long and fervently. Taking her tenderly by the hand, he kissed it with many low, deep words of love.

He was eminently handsome, and his courtly costume only heightened the effect of that large, dark eye whose glance conveyed a world of meaning.

In his low, rich tones he said, still retaining her unresisting hand:
"Yolante, fair Yolante, it seems as though all the powers of evil had conspired to prevent me from claiming you, my own, my lovely bride. But they cannot tear away the idol that I have engrained in my heart, whose altar is ever garlanded with flowers of love. No, no, nought can throw that fair image

down, unless its shrine be deserted, on which burns the lamp of life, whose flame is fed by love only. Yolante, dearest, fairest, life must become an insufferable burden without you. Will you, dare I ask you to fly with me? Faithful hearts and gallant steeds await your bidding."

Yolante answered not, but her slight frame trembled with violent emotion, and her pale cheek glowed. The Count, misunderstanding her continued silence, added in a lower, sadder tone:

"And you hesitate, Yolante? Then you trust me not, trust not him whose heart has remained constant through all these years of waiting! Oh, say not so, Yolante!"

"No, no. I hesitate not. It was but the violence of my emotions that constrained me to silence. Yes, yes. I would roam the world over with you." Her sweet voice had sunk to a whisper at these last words, and her cheek was dyed deeper than the rose to whose blush is usually likened the maiden's. Just then the door of her sister's apartment was thrown open, and murmuring:

"Bless you for those sweet words, my own fair Yolante," the Count was gone. But we must return to the tournament; for I fail would introduce to the notice of my companion in these scenes, the young Sir George Evelyn, the noblest of the noble, the bravest of the brave.

Although quite young, George Evelyn was known throughout the length and breadth of both England and France, and, as this morning he had dashed through the streets, he was greeted everywhere with acclamations as the inhabitants recognized in the handsome young cavalier the hero of many a bloody battlefield.

And many a fair maiden's heart fluttered, as she met the glance of the splendid black eye, and encountered that smile of such strange fascination. But the citadel of his heart had never yielded to the frequent sieges laid to it, until this eventful day. But how soon was his banner, that had hitherto floated so arrogantly, drawn in, and the white flag unfurled, when his eye fell upon the lovely face of Blanche de la Cour!

Reader, how shall this poor pen ever portray the matchless beauty of that countenance, beaming with hope and happiness? How ever trace the delicate mingling of York and Lancaster on that cheek; those rich dark braids of glossy hair; the witchery of that flashing black eye? I may only beg the reader to allow his wildest imagination to paint a face whose surpassing beauty Venus might well have envied. She sat in the pavilion of the Queen amongst the proudest of the land, for her father, who ever and anon looked so proudly upon the happy, young girl at his side, blushing so deeply when she met the gaze of George Evelyn, was one of the wealthiest and most powerful nobles of France.

But we are lingering too long over these gorgeous spectacles, and must pass over in silence the remainder of the day. It was midnight, and the old steeple bell was tolling a melancholy *misere* over the death of another young day, when two figures attired in the garb of pilgrims glided noiselessly forth from the palace, and murmuring a "benedicite" passed the sentinel, who crossed himself devoutly, as the sacred crucifix which one held in her hand, and the rosary depending from her waist met his eye. But as the gate was closed after them, and the ponderous locks were drawn back into their place, they quickened their steps, and the silver crescent just peering over the mountain crags disclosed to view the lovely face of Yolante as she raised the concealing hood and looked anxiously around. But the expression of doubt and concern fled the next moment, when a figure sprang to her side, and the low, musical tones of the Count de Vaudemonte whispered:

"I am with you, dearest; fear not. Your hand, my fair, quick, or all is lost!" And gently raising her in his arms, he placed her upon a charger which stood near, saying:

"You are a fearless horsewoman, Yolante. My gallant steed will carry you safe." And placing her attendant on a pillion behind himself, they were gone, and ere morning had reached the monastery of St. Augustine. Just as the Convent bell tolled the hour of dawn, and the first soft beams of rosy day broke through the shadows of night and stole through the chapel windows, the Count de Vaudemonte led his beautiful bride to the altar, and there before the venerable Abbot, they sealed those vows plighted years before, when "life went a-maying."

All was confusion and excitement at the palace the next morning when the flight was discovered. The cry, "To horse! to horse!" resounded through the town, and for a time all festivities and rejoicings seemed about to be banished. But the young Marguerite hastened to her father, and falling on her knees implored him to pardon her sister, saying in her sweet, persuasive tones:

"Father, forgive her; forgive her for my sake. Let not useless anger mar the peace and happiness of the festivities on this, the occasion of my marriage. Already they are far on their way, and ere many hours the daring cavalier will lead his willing bride to the altar. In a few days your Marguerite must leave

you, perhaps forever. Grant this, her last request. Pardon, pardon, my father. Forgive the maiden for following the dictates of her fond young heart!"

King Rene at last yielded to her soft pleadings, and dispatched messengers in search of the gallant Count and his fair young bride. They were soon overtaken, and receiving with joy the gracious message of the King, they returned to Nanci, and their marriage was celebrated anew, with great splendor and festivity, for all loved the gentle Yolante, and rejoiced when her constancy to her heart's first love thus received its just reward.

The dark storm-cloud that gathered over the political sky of England during the early part of the reign of Henry VI, had burst, and poured the whole of its dire contents upon the fair land of England. Civil war, with all its attendant legions of misfortunes and calamities, held its terrible sway over the country. The smoke of burning villages mingled with that of artillery; and the shrieks and wailings of desolate widows and children flying from their burning and pillaged homes, made a fearful chorus to the notes of the war-trump and the roaring of cannon.

The houses of York and Lancaster fought on, regardless of the desolation of their country; regardless of the woe and misery that like a pestilence raged throughout the length and breadth of the land; regardless of all save the possession of the crown of England, bathed as it is in sighs and groans; each of its diamonds the glittering tear of a widow or an orphan; its gold stained by the blood of thousands.

The events which I am about to relate took place at the opening of the war, whilst the broad wing of fortune still overshadowed the Lancastrians. Fair Blanche de la Cour, whose beauty was remarkable whilst but a child, had grown, if possible, lovelier still, as the shadows of the blossoms of womanhood that now wreathed her fair brow, had softened and matured her marvelous beauty. Although a mere child, she had been appointed maid of honor to Queen Marguerite, and had accompanied her over to England, where her loveliness attracted much attention; but caring nought for the adulation and flattery of courtiers, she had remained in as much seclusion as may be found in a court.

Sir George Evelyn had returned at the same time to his estates in England, and being frequently at the court, of course Blanche had seen much of him, and gradually the tender bud of friendship expanded into the blushing, full-blown blossom of love.

When the war-cloud burst, Sir George immediately flew to arms, and with his numerous retainers hastened to the standard of the Duke of York, of whom he was a near kinsman. Of course, Blanche's sympathies and affections ever attended the footsteps of her lover, although she still remained at Henry's court.

It was a bright, beautiful afternoon in June. Excitement glowed in Blanche's eye, and painted her cheek with its crimson. Her black eye fairly blazed with the new brightness that excitement lent to it. Yet the observer who marked not the additional flash in her eye would have thought all was as usual as she moved so demurely around the castle, for she was at present visiting her aunt, the Countess of Berkeley. All day long her throbbing heart had beat sweet happy chimes in unison with the beautiful lays of the merry little birds that made the forests around Berkeley Castle vocal.

But what young page is this who trips so lightly across the lawn? Surely this may not be Blanche de la Cour? But as we peep under the long white plume that waves so gracefully in the breeze, we cannot mistake those laughing eyes. Clad in black velvet laced with gold, a cape of the same thrown carelessly around her shoulders, the handsome young page might captivate the heart of any maiden. Although the blush deepened on her cheek whenever she glanced down upon her unwonted attire, yet with light and elastic step, and with a merry smile lurking around the corners of her beautiful mouth, she tripped along. At last reaching a pleasant little nook not far remote from the public road, she paused, and throwing herself on a moss-covered stone, waited long and anxiously for the coming of some one.

The evening shadows were beginning to lengthen, and the fire of her eye to sadden, when voices fell upon her listening ear. Springing up, she dared forward, until she commanded a view of the road; but the roses of her cheeks paled when she saw only two peasants, who talked very excitedly of something. At last one exclaimed, raising his tones. "But, I say, he is a Yorkist, and should be hung, drawn, and quartered, without an hour's delay. Traitors are not and shall not be tolerated. To come indeed in the light of broad day!"

"But," urged the other who seemed more moderate, "but that, in my opinion, is very convincing that he is not guilty. A spy would dare to come in the night only, and not venture on the public road, and so near to Berkeley Castle. You remember, Gordon, in the case of young Blackstone, these were the strongest arguments offered in his favor; and had it not been for the papers found on

his person, he would have been released. Why may not the same be argued of this young fellow? He is a handsome gallant, and I confess I should be loath to see him condemned."

As these words fell upon Blanche's eager ear, her worst forebodings seemed about to be realized, and springing forward, she planted herself in front of them, saying, hurriedly, "Friends, can you inform me if there has been here a messenger from the army?"

The peasants started with surprise at this apparition of beauty met their view, and removed their hats in respect, for; from his rich attire they rightly judged him to be an inmate of Berkeley Castle. Blanche impatiently repeated the question.

"No, sir page; unless that fugitive Yorkist whom the sheriff took into custody about an hour ago is he."

"Who, what is he?" she eagerly inquired, her heart growing faint.

"Why, there was a handsome young fellow—I believe he did say he was a messenger from the army, did he not?"

"Yes, that is what the traitor said. But of course he was a Yorkist spy."

"Well, what else said he? Quick, for I am in haste." And her poor heart stood still with grief and terror at this confirmation of her worst fears.

"Well, he was not permitted to say much, and the sheriff could not, of course, listen to him, but handcuffed him and hastened him to prison, to receive the dues of every traitor. That is all I know of the matter. Good evening, sir page." And they moved on, leaving her standing in all the unconsciousness of woe.

At last she turned towards the Castle, when the flash of a ring on her finger caught her eye. A sudden gleam of hope brightened her face once more, and exclaiming, "Oh, the boon, the boon!" she almost ran to the Castle. And bounding up the stairway unobserved to her apartment, she hastily changed her dress, and going into the Countess' room, announced her departure for London on the morrow. The Countess started with surprise.

"You desire to depart for London in the morning! Why, I thought it your intention to remain at Berkeley Castle until the autumnal leaves began to fall."

"That was my design, my dear aunt, but I have just received intelligence that requires my immediate attendance at the court. You are aware that my time is entirely at the disposal of her Majesty, and the morrow must find me hastening on my way."

"I regret your departure, my dear Blanche, but it shall not be said that Elizabeth Berkeley dissuaded her niece from the performance of her duty. Go, and may Heaven protect you, my dear child." And the morning found Blanche far on her way to London.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

THE RASOR STROP MAN.—"I," said one, "was born in Mississippi, where the sun ever shines, and the magnolias bloom all the year round."

"And I," said another, "was born in Kentucky—Kentucky, the home of impassioned oratory; the home of Clay; the State of splendid women, of gallant men!"

"And I," said another, "was born in Virginia, the home of Washington; the birthplace of statesmen; the State of chivalric deeds and noble hospitality!"

"And I," said a yellow-haired and saw-toothed man, who was not of this party at all, and who had been quietly smoking a short black pipe by the fire during their magnificent conversation—"and I was born in the garden of America."

"Where is that?"

"Skowhegan, Maine! Kin I sell you a razor strop!"

CHICKENS IN HIS HAT.—Nat is very poor, rather light fingered, and it is said not so bright as his parents could wish. The other day while passing a neighbor's, Nat saw a brood of chickens and immediately caught one to carry home. He had not gone far, however, before he saw the owner coming up the road, and not knowing what to do with the chicken, he concealed it, at last succeeded in crowding it into his hat, which he again placed upon his head. But the chicken having a long neck and being also pressed for air, managed to thrust its head through an opening in Nat's old straw hat. Nat was presently accosted with: "What have you got in your hat?"

"Nothing but my hat," said Nat.

"But I see a chicken's head sticking through the top of it!"

Nat, taking off his hat and looking at it in feigned astonishment, exclaimed:

"Wal, how do you s'pose that critter came in there? He must of crawled up my trowser's leg!"

A new Sunday paper, the "Gazette," has been started in Louisville by the veteran editor, H. M. McCarty. For neat appearance and literary excellence, we have not seen it surpassed. Long may it live.—[Smithland Times.]

What length ought a lady's crinoline to be? A little above two feet.

Communications.

[Written for the Gazette.]

The Tragedy.

The "Dance with the Camellias"—I think that was the play. The house was packed from pit to dome. With the gallant and the gay, Who had come to see the Tragedy, And while the hours away!

There was the fairest Exquisite, With gloves and glass and smile; There was the dull Historian, And there the man of Rhyme, And the snarling Critic, front to front, To see the play of crime!

And there was heavy Ignorance, And Vice in Honiton lace; Sir Cresset and Sir Pandarus— And the music played apace. But of all that crowd I only saw A single, single face!

'Twas that of a girl whom I had known In the summers long ago, When her breath was like the new mown hay, Or the daintiest flow that grows— When her heart was light—and her soul was white As the winter's early snow!

'Twas in our own New England She breathed the morning air; 'Twas the sunshine of New England That blended with her hair; And Modesty and Purity Walked with her everywhere!

She sang 't' the morning like a lark, At dusk, like a whippoorwill; And her grandeur held her on his knees, In the evenings long and still, And told her how he worked one night In the trench, at Bunker's Hill!

The years went by, and the maiden grew Like a hare-bell in the glade; The chestnut shadows crept in her eyes— Sweet eyes that were not afraid To look to Heaven at morn or even, Or any time she prayed!

She was the light of the cottage then; She was the golden sun Of the old man's life—the poor old man Whose toll was nearly done!

He watched her in the clover patch, And among the tasseled corn, And in the lawns where apple-blossoms Were falling night and morn; And he saw the holy thoughts that grew Within her eyes like dawn!

She walked with him to the village church, And his eyes would fill with pride To see her side by side! To see her with the man She loved!

If she had only died! alas! How keen must be the blow That makes it better one should die Where the sunshine cannot go, Than to live in this pleasant sunny world, Where the happy flowers do blow!

Would she had wed some country boor Before that luckless day When her cousin came to that simple home— Her cousin Clarence Maye, With his city airs and handsome eyes To lead her soul astray!

God dropped a pearl in his path of life, The heart of that sinless child! And he threw it away with a cruel laugh— He murdered while he smiled! Oh, but his words were soft as dew, And his voice was frank and mild!

One night they left the cottage— One night in the mist and rain; And the old man never saw his pet Nor Clarence Maye again. Never saw his pet in the clover patch, In the meadow, nor the lane!

And day by day he looked for her, This pitiful old man; "Where is my little maid?" he said, This pitiful old man; At last he died, and they buried him Where the silver waters ran!

Many a time like milk-white doves, The daisies flew away, And we never heard of her who fled In the night with Clarence Maye; Never knew if she were alive or dead, Till I met her at the play!

And there she sat with her great brown eyes— They were a troubled look; I could read the history of her life As it were an open book; And I saw her soul like a slimy thing In the bottom of a brook!

There she sat in her glistening silk, With emeralds on her wrist, As on her brow a slender thread Of pearl and amethyst, "A cheat, a gilded grief!" I cried, "And my eyes were filled with mist!"

I could not see the players play; I could hear the music moan; Moon like the dismal winter wind, That dies in the woods alone; And when it stopped I heard it still, That mournful monotone!

What if the Count were true or false? I did not care, not I; What if Camille for Armand died? I did not see her die. There sat a woman opposite Who held me with her eye!

The great green curtain fell on all— On laugh and wine and woe— Just as death some day will fall "Twixt us and life, we know!" The play was done—the winter play— And the people turned to go.

And did they see the Tragedy? They saw the painted scene; They saw Armand, the jealous fool, And the rich Parisian Queen; But they did not see the Tragedy— The one I love, I mean!

They did not see that cold-cut face, Those golden braids of hair; Or seeing her jewels only, said "The lady's rich and fair." But I tell you, 'twas the Play of Life, And that woman played Despair!

[Written for the Gazette.]

Sabbath in the Country.

Sweet day of rest from the toils and the cares, the trials and vexations that have filled the fleeting week, who does not welcome thy approach! Yet, how great the contrast between the crowded city and its fashionable array and the unpretending country village! How different the emotions that swell the heart upon that sacred day! Your home is in the country. No enlivening concord of sounds or chiming of bells heralds thy approach, no parade of gaily dressed forms greets your eye as you pass along

the busy thoroughfare of yesterday; no glittering robes are flashing in the bright sunlight to elicit a tribute of admiration from the looker-on; no gaily caparisoned steed without the sacred church; there is nothing there but the unpretending vehicle, or a long line of horses hitched to the road side fence; and though, too, no graceful cupola rears its head to the skies as you gaze upon the meeting-house, so familiarly called; though no sculptured stone or elaborate handiwork adorns that humble edifice, it is no less the temple of God.

Go with us, city reader, within. You have been there before. You may miss the solemn and touchingly tender strains of organ music, played by a master hand; you may find no cushioned seat or polished pew; no magnificent arched windows with their beautifully colored glass, to cast a soft and mellow shadow upon massive walls; but if your thoughts are in hallowed keeping with the solemn occasion; if no smile of levity is playing upon your lips, no worldly prospect has taken possession of your mind, the absence of every outward show and splendor, will excite no distaste in your soul. Services have commenced—the hymn has been sung in which all have joined—the fervent prayer has ascended to Heaven, and you are now to hear something from the minister. He arises from the pulpit and announces his text. Slowly but surely is your attention arrested. It may not be in tones of impassioned eloquence that he tells you of the eternal shore, where farewells are never spoken and sorrow can never come; it may not be that you will be charmed by any beauty of diction or flow of imagery; but the plain, practical truths that so much concern your immortal destiny, strike home to your better nature, and you say to yourself "it is good to be here," repeating as you retire from that consecrated spot, the words of that beautiful little hymn:

Gently, Lord, O gently lead me, Through this lonely vale of tears; Through the changes thou'st decreed me, Till my last great change appears.

When temptation's darts assail me, When in dubious paths I stray, Let thy goodness never fail me, Lead me in thy perfect way.

In the hour of pain and anguish, In the hour when death draws near, Suffer not my heart to languish, Suffer not my soul to fear.

And when mortal life is ended Bid me in thine arms to rest, Till by Angel bands attended, I awake among the blest.

Thus is your heart made wiser and better, and the holier emotions of your nature rekindled again.

R. H. L. STANFORD, KY., June 27th, 1866.

[For the Industrial and Commercial Gazette.]

Statistics of Kentucky.

WEBSTER COUNTY.

I received your circular requesting list of merchants, &c., for this county, and send you the following hastily prepared list:

COUNTY OFFICERS.
C. W. Cook, County Judge.
M. C. Davis, Clerk Circuit Court.
M. C. Davis, Clerk County Court.
John Nasbitt, Sheriff.

J. A. Jackson, Deputy Sheriff.
S. D. Trice, Deputy Sheriff.
Charles Lismann, Coroner.
James Jennings, Assessor.
M. C. Givens, County Attorney.
James D. Palmer, Surveyor.
H. H. Smith, Commissioner.

TOWNS AND POSTOFFICES.

Dixon, county seat.
Lawyers.—C. W. Cook, P. D. Clayton, G. C. Gaines, M. C. Givens, John A. Brooks & A. Edwards, J. C. Griffy.

Physicians.—Dr. George P. Cosby, Dr. Samuel W. Cox, Dr. F. M. Whitfield, Dr. G. W. Campbell.

Merchants.—Wiley Ledbetter, George F. Brewer, Thomasson & Gaines, C. C. Hardwick, George P. Cosby.

One Cumberland Presbyterian Church, W. W. Wynns, pastor.

PROVIDENCE.
Physicians.—Dr. Jas. Bassett & Jno. Bassett, Dr. P. Taylor, Dr. Warner Taylor.

Merchants.—Davis & Montgomery, Givens & Parker, L. M. Rice.

One Baptist Church, N. Lacy pastor.

CLAYVILLE POST OFFICE.
Physicians.—Dr. Jeff. Holeman, Dr. E. A. Price.

Merchants.—Jenkins & Watson, Skinner & Dye, E. N. Blackburn.

One Baptist Church.

VANDERBURG.

Physicians.—Dr. Garland P. Cosby.

Merchants.—B. D. Winstead.

One Baptist Church.

SLAUGHTERSVILLE.

Physicians.—Dr. O. L. Drake, Dr. J. Sawyers, Dr. — Minnis, Dr. Will H. Biggs.

Merchants.—Parker & Moore, L. J. Sloan.

PETERSBURG.

Physicians.—Dr. — Sutton, Dr. Geo. M. Davidson, Dr. J. M. Davidson, Dr. David Morehead.

Merchants.—James W. Davidson.

POOL'S MILL POST OFFICE.

The population of Webster county is about ten thousand.

Population of Dixon about 250.

Population of Providence about 150.

DIXON, June 24th. M. C. D.

Agricultural Department.

Kentucky State Agricultural Society.

Resolved, That the Board approve of the establishment of the paper at Louisville called the "INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTE," and recommend it to the patronage of the agriculturists and mechanics of the State.

[Signed] L. J. BRADFORD, President.
JAS. G. MILLER, Secretary.

Kentucky Pomological and Horticultural Society.

By resolution, adopted at a late meeting of the Directors, the "INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTE" was adopted as the official organ of this Society.

MAKING PICKLES.—Different methods are practiced in making pickles. The most common one is to make a brine, and put the cucumbers in it; and keep adding to the quantity as you pick from the vines. You may continue this process for weeks, till the cask or barrel is full. By adding salt to the brine, you may keep the cucumbers sound and good for months. These brined cucumbers can, at your convenience, be converted into pickles, by taking a larger or smaller quantity of them, and putting them into vinegar. In a short time they will be fit for use. As you pick the cucumbers from one day to another, you must see that the brine is strong enough. A quart of salt to a gallon of water is in proper proportion. But a great trouble is often experienced with pickles in brine, from the formation of a thick scum on the surface. To remove this, put a piece of cloth over the brine, and a board cover on this. When you add fresh cucumbers to the barrel, carefully lift up the cloth and the scum adhering to it; wash it and replace it. Repeat this process as often as necessary.

Another method for making pickles is, to put the cucumbers in a barrel and sprinkle freely with fine salt. The moisture within dissolves the salt and thus a strong brine is formed. The fruit itself will shrivel, but the plumpness will be restored as soon as it is put into vinegar. When you have large quantities of cucumbers, you may fill barrels with them, add half a peck of salt to each, head them and fill them with water through the bungs, and then close the bung holes tight. Pickles thus prepared, it is said, keep in good condition a few weeks, till sold, and the purchaser then manages them in his own way.

TO BUTTER MAKERS.—As this is the season of the year when those engaged in the dairy business are much troubled by a small fly (well known to housekeepers) getting in their milk and cream, we offer the following simple and efficacious remedy for the removal of the annoyance: Take the leaves of the elder bush, (very common in most localities,) and hang them in several places about your milk room or vault, renewing them as they become old and wilted. You will find yourself rid of a disagreeable vexation, at but a small expense of time and trouble. Try it.

NO GRAPES IN FEVER AND AGUE DISTRICTS.—In that chapter of George Huxman's excellent work "On the Cultivation of the Native Grape," where he treats of the soil and location for vineyards, he states that "he was much struck by the force of a remark made by a medical friend last summer, when in consequence of the continual rains the ague was very prevalent." It was this: "Wherever you find the ague an habitual guest with the inhabitants you need not look for healthy grape vines." When we recall the fact that the same kind of weather which produces the rust on wheat almost invariably in newly settled sections, brings with it the fever and ague, and that an unusual excess, or that peculiar wet and hot weather last August and early September, ruined nearly one half of all our Delawares in this State, and badly mildewed the leaf of all our native vines, with, perhaps, the exception of the Concord, Northern Muscadine, and Blood's Black, we shall see there is much pertinency in the remark.

SHELBY FAIR.—The next fair will begin Tuesday, August 25th, and continue four days. Monday, the day before the fair begins, there will be eight trial rings on the trotting track of the fair grounds. Tuesday will be devoted to domestic, agricultural implements, sheep, local rings, men's equestrian rings, &c. Wednesday—Thorough bred horses, cattle, hogs, draft, harness, racing and pacing horses, &c. Thursday—Fine horses, jacks, jennets, ladies' equestrian rings, horses for general use, &c. Friday—Trotting horses and mares, saddle geldings and mares, saddle stallions, buggy horses and mares, boys' equestrian ring, &c.

MADISON COUNTY FAIR.—We have received the prospectus of the Third Annual Exhibition of this prosperous society, and we will give a more extended notice of it at another time. The objects for which premiums are offered embrace a wide range, and the premiums themselves are as liberal as any fair in the State.

Increase your expenditures in house-keeping only as your means increase. It saves trouble and sorrow.

TEXAS CORN CROP.—The Galveston News of the 17th, says that the weather the last two or three weeks has been favorable for crops. Corn is now in and good, but "the misfortune is that there has not been sufficient ground planted, and it is the general opinion that a great deal of corn will have to be imported from New Orleans another year to supply the wants of the country."

The largest salary paid any one man in New England, will be returned this year by Mr. Steere, agent of the Salisbury Woolen Mills. When offered a similar position elsewhere, the Board of Directors very wisely concluded they could afford to pay him as much as any one else, and that he was worth as much to them, and advanced his salary to \$15,000.

The people of old Barren may well feel proud of our new fair grounds, for in constructing the track and erecting the buildings, modern principles and good taste have not been outraged. If the new grounds do not prove popular with the public, then the public will be very hard to please. We have a well arranged programme for each day of the fair, and it will be well worth the price of admission, aside from everything else, to see the fine colts and horses of Barren and the adjoining counties together.

Poultry Chips.

One cause of hens laying soft shelled eggs is roosting on high perches. We have often noticed that the hen was never satisfied unless she could place herself on the top pole, this being the height of her ambition. In the morning instead of jumping to the next roost below, and so on, in order to get down by degrees, she would almost invariably jump the whole distance, hitting herself against the sides of the building or striking hard upon the floor. Some of the oldest and fattest of the hens would not come down all the day for fear of hurting themselves, and occasionally eggs will be found broken, and soft eggs under the nests dropped from the roosts by the hen.

Hens lie may be destroyed by oiling the heads and necks of the hens with kerosene, but to save trouble and labor, let your hens have room enough and all manner of dust to wallow and bathe in. A sprinkling of strong lye or kerosene on their roosts and sleeping room, nest boxes, etc., will positively kill lice with which it comes in contact. This should be applied two or three times a year.

Though most farmers keep fowls, and raise their own eggs, there are many who have not learned the difference there is in the richness and flavor of eggs produced by well-fed hens, and those from birds that have been half-starved through our winters. There will be some difference in the size, but far more in the quality. The yolk of one would be large, fine, colored, and of good substance, and the albumen or white, clear and pure; while the contents of the other will be watery and meagre, as in the parent fowl, to properly carry out and complete the work nature had sketched. In order, therefore, to have good eggs, the fowls should be well fed, and also provided during the months they are unable to come to the ground, with a box containing an abundance of fine gravel, that they may be able to grind and prepare their food for digestion. Of eggs, those from the domestic hen are decidedly the best; but those of ducks and geese may be used for some of the purposes of domestic cookery.

In well fed fowls the difference will be seen not only in the size and flesh of the fowls, but in the weight and goodness of the eggs; two of which go farther into domestic uses than three from hens poorly fed.

It is best to entrust the management of fowls to some trustworthy person, who can be depended on; and no other person, except the keeper, whom the fowls know, and the voice and sight of whom rejoice them, must go into the henhouse, for fear of scaring or disturbing the hens whilst busied in laying.

Chickens will neither require or be benefited by feeding unless the chicks have been taken from the nests very early in the morning, when a little bread soaked in milk may be placed before them, or their heads gently dipped in it. The favorite application of some persons, of warm beer, pepper corn, and other stimulants, are worse than nothing, excepting only where matters are really going hard with the little ones, and some stimulants become absolutely necessary. Nature, it would seem, provides a sufficiency of nutriment in the yolk of the egg taken up by the chick previously to quitting the shell, to last for the twenty-four hours after its exit. We have never seen food pressed upon them during this period with advantage; nor do we believe it at all necessary or desirable to force the appetite, which is sure to make itself known at a sufficiently early period.

One reason why the turkey, seen in our poultry yards, do not vie in splendor of plumage with their untamed brethren, is that we do not let them live long enough. For the same causes we seldom witness the thorough development of their temper and disposition. A creature that does not attain its full growth till its fifth or sixth year, we kill at least in the second, to the evident deterioration of our stock. But let three or four well selected turkeys be retained to their really adult state, and well fed meanwhile, and they will quite recompense their keeper by their beauty in full plumage, by their gleaming lines of gilded green and purple, their lovely shades of brown, bronze and black, and the pearly lustre that radiates from their polished feathers.

AMERICAN TYPOGRAPHY.—An English journal, speaking of several choice specimens of American printing, says: "So improved has American typography become of late, through the exertions of the University Press, the Riverside Press, and other houses, that their owners have determined to contest the palm of excellence with us at the French International Exhibition next year."

What is Merchantable Pork.

The Chicago Republican publishes an important decision in a case tried in the United States Circuit Court of Chicago, before Judge Drummmond and a jury. Plaintiff Montgomery, through his agents Waller & Co., purchased 1,640 barrels of mess pork. The pork was bought on the statement of the latter, that it was "an excellent, first-rate article," and an examination, by one of the purchasing agents, of a few barrels, showed nothing to the contrary. The pork remained in the defendant's cellar from March, 1863, until the latter part of May of that year, and on the notification of defendant was then overhauled and resalted, taking fifteen pounds of Turk's Island salt per barrel. In July it was overhauled by the Inspector, previous to shipment to New York, and was then found in a very bad condition.

The principal point was, whether the pork was properly salted in the first place, and what constituted "merchantable mess pork." The Chicago Board of Trade rules, and the rules of the Liverpool Association, requires 40 pounds of Turk's Island salt, or 45 pounds of domestic salt per barrel to make it merchantable. The defendants claimed that 25 to 35 pounds of salt was sufficient to make a merchantable article of mess pork, all other things being right, but that pork packed with that quantity of salt would have to be overhauled in the early part of the summer and pickled. Both parties introduced packers and provision dealers who testified in support of their different views held by the two parties to the suit. The pork in question has been packed with thirty-five pounds of Turk's Island salt and common salt mixed. The witnesses for the defence went beyond the points claimed by defendants, and claimed that the amount of salt used was of no consequence if the pork was cured of salt, and that the term "mess pork" referred, not to the quantity of salt used or time of keeping, but to the pieces in the barrel and the portion of the hog from which they were taken.

Plaintiff insisted, as a matter of law, that the defendants, being packers of pork, should be presumed to have had full knowledge of all the practices of packing, and the quantity of salt which has been used, and were therefore liable for any latent defects in the article which were not discoverable by mere inspection.

The amount claimed was \$30,000. Verdict in favor of the defendants.

Petroleum in Kentucky and Tennessee.

BURKSVILLE, KY., June 18th, 1866. The despondency of last spring about this Kentucky oil region, is fast passing away. Several small strikes have been made, and in every case Petroleum of excellent quality has been found. The returns report a result of fully 90 per cent. burning oil, at a fire test of 125°. But the New York and Burksville Company have just met with a "great success." They put a well down, just above the old Gilbreath, with a spring-pole. At 47 feet they made a strike which, on applying the pumps, was found to yield between 10 and 12 barrels per hour. If this continues they have a good 250-barrel well—gravity about 20°, said to be entirely odorless. The Tennessee wells, on Obey River and vicinity, are progressing favorably, getting some oil, and preparing for complete testing. The difficulties of getting supplies are fast diminishing and facilities increasing for travel. The promise is that the Obey region will soon take important rank among Petroleum localities. The oil there is of an excellent quality—heavy and pure.

The True Merchant.

He comprehends that he belongs to a mighty commercial organization. He is proudly and at the same time modestly aware that he is one of a profession which is a power in the world. He sees how much trade has to do with promoting the general prosperity, with the diffusion of intelligence, with the building and support of good institutions, with the advancement of a right Christian civilization every way. His calling, in his estimation, is not above buying and selling. This buying and selling, he perceives, involves a vast force or influence, determining largely the conditions and the direction of the life of humanity. His vocation, then, brings with it a responsibility, reaching far beyond himself, and is not an affair entirely his own, which he has a right to manage with exclusive reference to his personal interests. He is accountable, to the extent of his dealings and example, for the ethics of business, for the manner in which business affects the character of the community. With these correct conceptions and enlarged ideas of his position, he knows that he ought to be public-spirited and zealous for the public good; that he should insist upon integrity in all transactions; that he must set his face against all fraud however lucrative; from every thing false and dishonorable however well it pays for a time; do all he can to keep the department of life to which he belongs, pure and upright in principles, and generous and honest in conduct. He is a member of fraternity whose good name he is bound to protect—of a tribe whose reputation is partly in his keeping. He is not one of a gang of sharpers, preying upon each other or their common dupes. He is a merchant, and that means that, while industriously seeking his own welfare, he is partner in a mighty company whose laws and usages, whose daily and hourly activities the earth over are shaping and controlling the destiny of mankind quite as much as any agency at work upon them. The missionary office of trade and commerce as permeating and affecting the whole social economy, "wherever man is found."—Chicago Jour. of Commerce.

A clerk in a music store was lately overpowered by a fastidious young lady who wanted to purchase "Mr. Hood's"—a song of the—gentleman's undergarment! "The clerk is still alive."

Miscellaneous Selections.

The following from the Denver (Colorado) News, will serve as a specimen of how editors in that metallic region extend a welcome to their returning citizens:

"Our respected townsman, Mr. Geo. Tricht, returned from the East in last evening's coach. He has on a fine suit of States clothes, including a plug hat, and is the dog-gonest looking cuss we have seen since Jim Ford left. We are glad to see him back again, however, and hope he will now settle down and behave himself."

The Harvard College students have started another paper called the Advocate. The Collegian, which was started a few weeks ago was summarily smothered by the faculty, and the students propose to contest their right to publish a paper that shall be independent and outspoken, and at the same time respectful to the powers that be.

The Memphis Post says that one of the clergy in that city lately, in advocating the cause of a Southern Publication Society, stated that he had already found two books of Northern Publication, which he had burned to prevent their influence upon the young, the one teaching the iniquity of slavery, the other the iniquity of the rebellion.

The Franklin (Tenn.) Review of Saturday says: "Some boys brought a deranged man into town last Thursday morning. He had escaped from his brother from Lee's tavern, where they were lodging for the night. They were just from the asylum and on their way to Florence. When caught he was carrying in a perfect state of nudity, on a horse he had picked up along his route."

Dr. Potter, of Tionesta, Venango county, it is reported, made a wager of \$5,000 a few weeks since that he would drive his pair of mares over a country road, to be selected by him, 100 miles in 10 hours. The event came off on Saturday, June 21, and the Doctor drove 103 miles and 17 rods in 9 hours and 11 minutes and 13 seconds, stopping once to feed and twice to water, the actual time of traveling being 8½ hours. This is the best time on record. The animals are a beautiful pair of large bay mares, and they came in apparently quite fresh, under a strong pull. The Doctor was afterwards offered \$10,000 for his team but he refused to sell it.

A letter from St. Petersburg gives an account of a duel fought between Joseph Braga, a pianist, and a Russian cavalry officer. The latter declared at a court concert that the pianist's attack upon his sonata was so fierce that had it been made with a saber instead of the fingers, the instrument would have been hacked to pieces. The pianist challenged the officer, accepting the weapon chosen by the latter—the curved cavalry saber—although entirely ignorant of its use. He made, however, such a terrific onslaught upon his adversary that he actually split his skull in two.

A FUNNY STORY.—The Detroit Advertiser is sponsor for the following:

About one year ago one of our business men visited New York city, and while there ordered a half dozen *cartes de visite* of himself, which he distributed among his friends in that place. A few days ago he was surprised to find one of these counterfeit resemblances in possession of the family cook. An investigation into the matter disclosed the fact that she had received it from a fortune-teller in New York city, who advertised to forward a correct likeness of any young lady's future husband, all for the sum of fifty cents, which amount the cook had remitted, according to the advertisement, and received her employer's likeness in return.

A dogma is defined as an opinion laid down with a snarl.

How to spell and define women at one fell-swoop—Whim-en.—[Boston Post.]

Louisville Preparations! FOR CHILLS AND FEVER! USE THE BEST.

Hurley's Ague Tonic Never Fails—Always to be Depended Upon—Nothing More Reliable than Hurley's Tonic.

Will cure Ague and Fever, Chills and Fever, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague. Every person who has tried Hurley's Tonic speaks in the highest terms of it. As a tonic it is unequalled, and more certain than quinine. No bad results from using HURLEY'S TONIC. Everybody should use it.

Hurley's Ague Tonic.

Send your orders to HURLEY, RUDDE & CO., Proprietors, Louisville, Ky.

Hurley's Stomach Bitters.

For Debility, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, want of action of the Liver, Disordered Stomach, there are no bitters that can compare with these refreshing and strengthening Bitters. For sale at any Drug Store in the United States, or from the proprietors, Louisville, Ky., corner Seventh and Green streets, to whom all orders should be addressed.

Hurley's Sarsaparilla.

The great Blood Purifier, as a Spring and Summer Medicine, stands unrivalled, removes all impurities from the blood, and gives health and strength to the system.

Hurley's Popular Worm Candy.

As this is really a specific for Worms, and the best and most palatable form to give to children, it is not surprising that it is fast taking the place of all other preparations for worms—it being tasteless, any child will take it.

Oriental Pearl Drops.

For Beautifying the Complexion, effectually removing Tan, Freckles, Blisters, and giving the skin an elegant smoothness not easily attained by any other. Its use among the ladies of fashion in the East, gives it a character for efficacy which at once stamps it as infinitely superior to the toilet of any lady.

Ink, Ink, Ink.

Ston's Chemical Writing Fluid is becoming world-renowned for its superior quality. Having been introduced only about six years it has become the principal ink used by those who want a fine, free flowing ink, and for its permanency it is decidedly the best ink for records that can be used. For counting houses, banks or schools, it is unequalled, and needs only to be tried to be approved. For sale by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

HURLEY, RUDDE & CO., Proprietors, Corner Seventh and Green streets, Louisville, Ky.

W. EDO. ANDERSON, T. J. GROTTAN, H. C. STUCKY.

THOS. ANDERSON & CO., AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS 203 Main St., Louisville, Ky.

Auction sales of Boots and Shoes every Tuesday, Day Goods, Clothing, &c., every Wednesday and Thursday. Feb. 10—17

Fancy Goods & Notions.

W. M. HAYNES, W. G. NEEL, D. T. McCAMPBELL.

HAYNES, NEEL & CO.

(Formerly Jas. M. Stevens.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HOSIERY!

GLOVES,

NOTIONS,

FANCY GOODS,

&c., &c.

No. 241 Main St.,

NEARLY OPPOSITE LOUISVILLE HOTEL.

Dec 6-17

Agricultural.

CLIPPER

WASHING MACHINE,

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

THE only Machine that will do an entire family washing without any hand rubbing. Cheap, portable, easily cleaned, and not liable to get out of order.

Every Family should have one.

Manufactured by

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.

Brown's Corn Planter

Will plant and cover in check rows from 15 to 20 acres per day.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO., General Agents.

STAFFORD'S CULTIVATOR,

Or SULKY CORN PLOW.

This implement is indispensable to the farmer.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO., Sole Agents for Ky.

BUCKEYE

REAPER and MOWER,

PITKIN, WIARD & CO., Sole Agents for Ky.

In addition to the above, we have a large stock of the most approved Machines and Implements, among which are

Threshers and Separators, Corn Shellers & Cutting Boxes, Portable Drag Saws, Avery's Cast Plows, Indianapolis and other Steel Plows, Cast Steel Plows, Smith's Patent.

WHEELER'S

PATENT WATER DRAWERS

CHAIN PUMPS,

Spades, Forks, Hoes, &c., &c.

WHITE SAND, LIME, HYDRAULIC CEMENT

AND PLASTER,

By the single barrel, or in large quantities, at LOWEST PRICES.

GARDEN SEEDS,

Growth of 1855, in bulk, or neatly put up in papers.

Clover Seed,

Timothy Seed,

Blue Grass Seed,

Orchard Grass Seed,

Red Top or Herds Grass Seed,

Hungarian Seed,

Millet Seed,

Hemp Seed.

Pitkin, Wiard & Co.,

Feb. 10—y LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agricultural.

PLOW!

PLOW!

WE KEEP ALL SIZES AND VARIETIES OF STEEL AND CAST PLOWS, including the celebrated "CALHOUN," and solicit orders from dealers and planters, which will be filled at manufacturers' prices.

J. D. BONDURANT & CO., No. 105 Main St., bet. Third and Fourth Louisville, Ky.

Field Seeds

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES, GROWTH OF 1855—

CLOVER,

TIMOTHY,

ORCHARD GRASS,

BLUE GRASS,

HERDS GRASS, &c.

GARDEN SEEDS!

GARDEN SEEDS!

A LARGE STOCK OF LANDRETH'S IN papers and bulk, also just received a choice lot of FLOWER SEEDS, imported by ourselves directly from Paris, France.

J. D. BONDURANT & CO.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BLIND-BRIDLES, COLLARS, BACK-BANDS, HAMES, TRACE-CHAINS, FIELD HOES SINGLE AND DOUBLE-TREES.

J. D. BONDURANT & CO.

CLIPPER DRAG SAWS,

The best ever introduced; will cut from thirty to forty cords of wood per day.

Jan. 20—5m J. D. BONDURANT & CO.

Miscellaneous.

Linseed Oil Works.

We offer to dealers our own manufacture of

LINSEED OIL,

Warranted Pure,

Also a general and very complete stock of

PAINTS of all kinds, WINDOW GLASS, BAR LEAD, COLORS, PAINT BRUSHES, ARTIST'S TOOLS, VARNISHES,

Pure White Lead, Window Glass, Empire City, " Castor Oil, French Zinc, " Glue, all grades, Putty, Sand Paper, Glaziers' Di, Vinegar, family, Spirits Turpentine, Benzine.

All articles connected with the Die and Paint trade. WATERS & FOX, April 7—3m Main st., bet. 8th and 9th.

Chairs! Chairs!!

LONG & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF

Cane Seat and Split Bottom Chairs, Factory and Warerooms No's. 174 and 175 Market Street, between Preston & Jackson, LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVING increased our facilities for manufacturing, we are now prepared to fill all orders in our line from the trade on the most favorable terms. We purchase all our material for manufacturing from first hands. Hence we are enabled to sell as LOW, IF NOT LOWER than the same quality of goods can be had in the West. We guarantee all goods as represented.

Hotels, Halls, Steamboats, Schools, Offices, &c., supplied on the most liberal terms.

Price List sent by mail, when desired.

May 5—2m LONG & BRO.

Crawford & Sale,

Wholesale Dealers in

COAL OIL LAMPS,

LAMP FIXTURES of all kinds, LANTERNS, CHANDELIERS, BURNING AND LUBRICATING OILS.

220 Main St., BETWEEN SEVENTH AND EIGHTH, Louisville, Ky.

April 14—3m

INGALLS & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES

No. 165 MAIN STREET, Between Fourth and Fifth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Communications.

[Written for the Gazette.
From the Mammoth Cave.

MAMMOTH CAVE, June 27.
Messrs. Editors: Perhaps a brief communication from this, the most remarkable of all subterranean regions, may not prove uninteresting to some of your numerous readers.

The vast extent of galleries, avenues, domes, rivers, the petrified flowers, together with the awful, overpowering silence, the deep darkness, as well as the fact that nature, in the construction of this combination of wonders, consumed a period of time compared with which, the age of Egypt's pyramids was but an instant, cannot fail to awaken an interest which is never excited in contemplating any natural object of infinitely greater magnitude.

At another time we will endeavor to give a brief account of some of the more important discoveries in and near the Mammoth Cave, such, for example, as stalactite caverns of marvellous beauty, rivers and domes of unknown extent and magnitude, and many curious facts connected with the habits and peculiarities of subterranean animal life.

In as much, perhaps, as it is the wish of many of your readers to visit the Cave the present season, some account of the facilities of enjoying the trip, and the time required in making it, may prove the most interesting at this time.

In eight hours traveling time the tourist can be set down at the entrance of the Cave, from either Nashville or Louisville, via the Louisville & Nashville railroad, leaving the latter at Cave City station. The distance from the railroad to Mammoth Cave by stage is but nine miles. A person who had visited the Cave Hotel would hardly recognize the place and grounds, so extensive and thorough have been the repairs and improvements which have been accomplished by Messrs. Proctor & Rogers, the present proprietors. Neither money nor labor has been spared in effecting a thorough renovation. The painter, the carpenter, the upholsterer and the paper hangers have been busy for months and have nearly brought their labors to a close. We do not hesitate to state that the Cave Hotel is one of the most complete and elegant places of resort in the valley of the Mississippi; and we have had not a little experience in matters of the kind. The Cave itself has been put in the most thorough repair, new boats, bridges, steps, causeways, etc., having been constructed in the past month. New routes have also been opened up. The *Magnesium Light* has also been introduced, in addition to other means of illumination, so that the different avenues, etc., will be exhibited in a manner altogether more brilliantly than has hitherto been the case. For the first time correct pictures have been taken of the interior of the Cave, by photographers, with the aid of the *Magnesium Light*. On the 4th of July, inst., the Short Route was brilliantly illuminated, which enabled visitors to explore that part of the Cave without the aid of a guide. Another remarkable feature of the illumination was the exhibition of Mr. F. M. DeMonbun, the guide, who illustrated the acoustic wonders of the Cave by his remarkable powers of imitating the voices of animals, and displays of talents as a ventriloquist. The grand fancy dress ball, which was given on the evening of the 4th, in the large assembly rooms connected with the hotel, contributed another feature which will long be remembered by the large number which will be present on the occasion.

As the Mammoth Cave is an object in which every Kentuckian takes, what may be termed a State pride, we hope the above will not be regarded as a digression from what we shall have to say in reference to the Cave as an object of physical or scientific interest.

C.

[For the Industrial and Commercial Gazette.

From Metcalfe County.

CENTRE, KY., June 26th.
Messrs. Editors:—Perhaps you would like to hear something from the town of Centre, as it is a pleasant little place, situated about fifteen miles from the town of Edmonston, the county town of Metcalfe, and is about twenty miles from Glasgow, seventeen from Greensburg, twenty from Columbia, and sixteen from Mumfordsville, making it a central place of all the large towns that surround it.

Centre is located on a beautiful eminence overlooking a fertile country which surrounds the town, where the delightful meadows are seen overspreading the low, rich lands with their magnificent verdure; while the many sweet flowers send up their fragrance, which is caught upon the breezes of heaven and borne through the streets to the olfactory nerves of its inhabitants, giving to them an agreeable sensation; invigorating them to pursue their daily avocations, to gain the prize which they set out to win.

The Pilot Knob, which lies just beyond the rich level land, rising up in the air several hundred feet, at once attracts the attention of the traveler with its towering height, which makes the surrounding country look grand and sublime; while little Barren river is seen to wind its silvery stream around the foot of this knob, which greatly adds to the grandeur of the country. Several oil wells have been sunk along the course of this stream, some to the depth of five hundred and fifty feet, but with little success. One sunk at Elk Lick Knob, is the deepest: one at Sampson Jones', which is not so deep, though Mr. Jones is in high hopes of realizing a fortune that lies beneath his *firm's*.

Salt water is found in abundance along this stream, and perhaps the strongest is found in Jones' well, it being about fifty per cent.

Agriculture is perhaps attracting the attention of the farmers at this time, more than ever before, though their labor system is so impaired, that it is somewhat embarrassing to them. If our Legislature would impose a fine and imprisonment upon those who nullify contracts, our labor system would be much more perfect—but of this I shall not at present enter into a discussion.

Crops are generally looking tolerably well; oats are good as usual; wheat is not so good; corn looks rather bad, but a good season will bring it out. There has been a good crop of tobacco planted this season, and farmers are looking up.

Trade is rather dull at present—more so than common. Centre is perhaps one of the most business places in the country.

W. J. W.

Shelby County.

SHELBYVILLE, KY., June 26th.
TO THE EDITORS OF THE GAZETTE:

I wish to make some corrections of errors which occurred in the Statistics of Shelby county, published in the Gazette of last week.

In the list of Grocers the firm of H. Frazier & Son, Shelbyville, Ky., was either omitted by me, or overlooked by your printer. In the same list the name of "Blackstone" should be "Blackiston & Fishback."

I also wish to make some additions to my report, which I have discovered within the last few days.

Western Hotel, Shelbyville, H. Clay Daniel, proprietor.

Daniel Bodkin, Shelbyville, Confectioner.

Chas. Seibert, Shelbyville, Confectioner.

Salem Baptist Church, Southville, Rev. B. F. Hungerford, Pastor.

Baffalo Lick Baptist Church, 4 miles N. E. of Clayville, Rev. H. F. Jordan, Pastor.

Rock Bridge M. E. (S.), 3 miles E. of Southville, Rev. — Winter Pastor.

Olive Branch M. E. (S.), 7 miles S. of Shelbyville, Rev. — Winter Pastor.

We have a daily line of stages running from this place, one connecting with the L. & N. R. at Christiansburg every morning, and returning on the arrival of the trains in the evening. Also an accommodation stage which leaves for Louisville every morning and returning in the evening. A daily line of mail coaches arrive from Frankfort and Louisville every morning at 11 o'clock, and return at 1 o'clock P. M. Beckley & Neel are the proprietors.

If I should hear of any other facts which have been omitted, before your Directory is published, I will advise you.

Respectfully, Yours, &c.

J. H. L.

[From the Sunday Gazette.

The Blind Fiddler.

We have a passion for music. We encourage the fine arts. We love the beautiful. Our soul is alive to all melody, and rejoices in "the concord of sweet sounds," wherever heard. And hence we could not but be enchanted when, passing the streets a day or two since, near the corner of 3d and Main, our ears were saluted with the delicious strains of "Jenny git your hockee done," as discoursed by a blind musician in a speckled shirt, slouched hat, and country pants, who was holding forth, with a greasy bow on a violin of rather plebeian appearance, to a mixed but appreciative audience of some twenty or thirty among which the African element rather strongly predominated. The musician lent himself to the task with an earnestness and abandon indicative of the highest qualities of genius, and we presume that "Jenny git your hockee done" was scarcely ever done up in a more satisfactory manner than on the occasion alluded to.

He grasped his bow near the middle, his hand seeming to be mesmerically and irresistibly attracted to the holes that the music came out of, while his whole frame seemed fairly to quiver with emotion, as he revelled in the wondrous world of sound. We must confess that we have always had a weakness for the venerable and popular melody in question, and the musician's impassioned performance of that much admired piece, will rather tend to heighten than diminish our esteem of it in the future. We listened for some five minutes spell-bound to this inspired disciple of Paganini, when looking round among the crowd and discovering no well-known capitalist among them—seeing no geological indications or croppings out of gold, we had a melancholy presentiment that the fiddler's reward on that occasion, if left to the crowd around him, would consist more of glory than greenbacks—"were constrained with sentiments the most superlative and permanent reluctance," to relinquish a property which we had previously held in United States currency, to the amount of ten cents—which sum we then and there, publicly and impulsively donated to the blind devotee of Paganini's art, and walked away with the soothing consciousness which a proud man feels on having assisted struggling genius to battle its way thro' the world.

"EXCITING."

Original Biography.

Eminent Men of Louisville.

ALBERT FINK.

MR. FINK was born in Germany in 1827, and came to this country in the spring of 1849, after the failure of the great German Revolution of 1848. He had just then completed his theoretical education as an Engineer and Architect at the polytechnical school at Darmstadt, where he had been a student for five years.

Shortly after his arrival in this country, a fine field for practical usefulness was opened to him on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, under the tutorship of the first of American Engineers, Benjamin I. Latrobe. This celebrated Engineer soon discovered the talents of Mr. Fink, then only 22 years of age, and placed him in charge of designing and constructing all the mechanical structures, such as bridges, depots, &c., on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which was then being extended from Cumberland across the mountains to Wheeling. It was on this great road that Mr. Fink established his reputation as an Engineer and Architect, a reputation which he has since so well sustained. The works by which he so justly earned his fame are well known to travelers, and we need not here say any thing in their praise. We will merely recall the beautiful iron bridge over the Monongahela River, and the great viaducts on the slopes of Cheat River, works which are no where surpassed for originality and boldness.

After the completion of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Wheeling, in 1853, we find Mr. Fink engaged on the Northwestern Branch of the B. and O. Railroad as a principal Assistant Engineer. While here attending to the duties as a Field Engineer, Mr. Fink became the Consulting Engineer of the Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad Company, for whom he designed the magnificent bridges over the Elizabeth River at Norfolk.

In 1857, after the completion of the N. W. V. R. R., Mr. Fink's services were engaged by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, for whose interests he has faithfully labored up to the present day. During the two first years of his connection with the road, he was principally occupied with the design and construction of the great bridges along the line, of which we will only mention the celebrated Green River Bridge. After the opening (not the completion) of the road to Nashville, Mr. Fink continued in the service as Chief Engineer and Superintendent of the Machinery and Road Department.

In this position he had most arduous duties to perform during the four years of the war. The fate of our noble armies often depended upon the successful operations of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and no effort was spared by the Confederates to render useless this great line of communication. But the rapidity with which the road, after each successive raid, was rebuilt and put in order, baffled and surprised the enemy. It has been related to us that Mr. Fink, on meeting General Duke—who is said to have been the controlling mind of the Morgan raids on the L. and N. R.—complained to him about the manner in which they had kept him constantly in trouble for years past, when the general rejoined that they had equal grounds of complaint, inasmuch as they had often experienced the same fact, when, in their opinion, they had rendered the railroad useless for at least six months, they found it in full operation again by the time they had reached the points whence they had started.

At Mr. Guthrie's retirement from the active management of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at the opening of the present Congress, Mr. Fink was appointed General Superintendent of the road, a position which, perhaps, few men are better qualified to fill. With a thorough theoretical education, he combines practical experience in every branch of the profession, from the laying out of a road to the construction of a locomotive. Acquainted with the minutest details of engineering and constructing railroads, and having been for years connected with their management, Mr. Fink is preeminently qualified to stand at the head of one of the leading roads in the country.

[Lucas & Co's. Traveler's Guide.

"WELL-BRED ON CORN DODGERS."—In a late number of The Land we Love, Gen. Hill's southern magazine, we find the following rebel army anecdote: When Gen. Johnson's army lay around Smithfield, North Carolina, the flour could be obtained, and meal only in such small quantities that two corn dodgers per man constituted the bread ration. Colonel R— who had gained such an enviable reputation as the commander of the sharpshooters of Sharp's brigade, was a rigid disciplinarian, and determined to put a stop to the practice, so common among the rebel soldiers, of yelling at citizens who passed by, especially if within the conscript age, and suspected of keeping out of the army for the same reason as Percy's fop—a mortal antipathy to "vile guns" and "villainous salt-peter." One day, a nice dapper young man, elegantly mounted, and handsomely dressed, with a bell crowned hat, rode by the fun loving regiment, and was immediately greeted by the old cry, "get out of that hat, we know you, dear; see your toes working under it," &c. Colonel R— immediately dashed up, saying, "Stop that hallooing; it is coarse and ill-mannered; no well-bred gentleman would be guilty of it." "I don't know, Colonel," replied a Mississippi boy, with a merry twinkle in his eye, "how you expect me to be well-bred on two corn dodgers a day." The Colonel had no further remarks to make on that interesting occasion.

The hat is not generally supposed to be the embodiment of dignity, but when said hat is whirling down street in a gale and its owner stands looking after it in blank astonishment, his hat and coat tails snapping in the wind, where is his dignity? It evidently left him with his hat.

If you make a perforation through a volume of Shakespeare, why is that a mathematical absurdity? Because the part is greater than the whole.

Treatment of Lead Ores.

The treatment of lead ores, which generally contain a large percentage of silver, is simple. They are dressed to 70 per cent. clear lead and melted down without fluxes, in queer little fire places, called Scotch Hearths, by which name they are known abroad.

They are open in front, have sheet iron stacks and a blast pipe entering the back side of them. A fire is kindled with short, dry wood, the ore thrown on the wood and the blast started.

The ore is soon reduced to metallic lead and runs through a little groove in the hearth into an iron kettle carrying its riches with it. Thence it is dipped out and run into bars for cupellation, and supplies the greater part of the little-used as a flux in the reverberatory furnaces.

The capacity of the hearths is about two and a half tons each per day. The lead ores in the vicinity of Central and Nevada contain on an average from thirty to forty ounces of bullion per ton, about ninety per cent of which is silver. The productive capacity of these hearths is variously estimated at from 500 to 700 ounces of bullion per day.

A SWISS COAL MINE.—A correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser makes the following statement: "At Solothurn I saw the coal mine of Switzerland. It is a vein of about a foot in thickness on an average, and has to be worked beneath the rock surface. It is a species of canal coal, said to contain about two and a half millions of bushels, and was purchased for 450,000 francs. It embraces two hundred acres of land; and when I told them that in America they could buy five thousand acres, with veins of coal nine feet thick, for the same money, they looked at me as if they had caught me in a regular Yankee bragging. They intend to use the coal for making coal oil and paraffine candles, and they expect to get large profits."

AN INTOLERABLE SUPPOSITION.—A farmer called at the house of a lawyer to consult him professionally.

"Is t' Squeer at home?" he inquired of the lawyer's lady, who opened the door at his summons.

He was answered negatively. Disappointment shone in his face, but, after a moment's consideration a thought revived him.

"Mebby you can gi' me the necessary information as well as t' Squeer, see'n as ye'er his wife."

The kind lady readily promised to do so, if, on learning the difficulty, she found it in her power; and the other proceeded to state the case, as follows:

"Spooze ye war an old white mear, an' I should horry ye to go on to mill, w' grist on yer back, an' we should get no farther than Stair Hill, when all at once ye should back up, and rear up, and pitch up, and kneel down back'ards and break yer neck, who'd pay for ye? Nol, I deary me if I would!"

The lady closed the door.

The late James Sheridan Knowles, who in the last years of his life became a minister and denounced the stage—never neglecting, however, to receive the profits which accrued to him therefrom as a maker of plays—left at his death, an unpublished and unacted drama, which was recently produced at the Strand Theater, under the title of "Alexina, or True unto Death." "It bears," says an English paper, "the marks of the poet's last mood of mind, which was decidedly inclined to piety, and preferred to look on events and persons from a religious point of view. The theme, as propounded in express terms in this drama, is contained in the question 'Who will dare to die for, and in place of, a friend?' Then follows a summary of the plot, which is melodramatic in the extreme, showing Knowles in his earliest and worst method."

This play, which was intended by the writer for the libretto of an opera, and which was accompanied with songs that, of course, are omitted in the dramatic representation, has already occasioned a dispute between Knowles' heirs and the holders of the manuscript, which is not yet settled. In the meantime it has been played with tolerable success, and will shortly be published.

Three boys went bathing in one of the streams near Oil Creek and when they came out they were so greasy that they could not stay in their clothes. As fast as they slipped them on they would slip off again, and one of them in a headless moment narrowly escaped slipping out of his skin. On reaching home, their parents being exceedingly frugal, wrung them out and extracted about 15 gallons of pure oil from the three boys. [Rochester Democrat.

The Huntsville (Ala.) Advocate says: "A great change in the opinions of the (Southern) people has taken place, and we now favor and desire and invite immigrants from all quarters to come among us to help restore and build up waste places and give us again a prosperous State. Population is wealth. Population is security. Population is strength. Population is independence. Population will settle the vexed question in this region."

If a man 21 years of age would begin to save one dollar per week, and put it at interest every year, he would have, at 31 years of age, \$650; at 45 years of age, \$1,680; at 60 years of age, \$6,150; and at 71 years of age, \$11,500.

An ingenious puzzle is presented in a London paper.

The answer is, "The season is backward" (the C's on "is" backward.)

Two brothers who went to Springfield, Massachusetts, to attend a Sabbath-School Convention, were arrested by the police in a gambling house in that city. [New York Tribune.

Two clergymen who came up from the rural districts to attend a religious meeting in this city, a few years ago, were caught in a good deal more respectable place than a gambling shop. [Nash. Press.

A number of engines have recently been stolen from the oil regions of Pennsylvania.

Hats and Caps.

E. HIRSCH. M. FLEXNER.

HIRSCH & FLEXNER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

HATS, CAPS

AND

STRAW GOODS,

New No. 169

(OLD NO. 502.)

Northwest Corner 5th & Main Streets, up Stairs,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dec. 9-17.

WHOLESALE

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Straw Goods

We are now receiving large additions to our stock of the above Goods, all of which we will sell to COUNTRY and CITY MERCHANTS at EASTERN PRICES FOR CASH.

Prather & Smith,

160 Main, St.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Ap. 7-17

1866. WHOLESALE 1866.

Hats, Caps

AND

STRAW GOODS.

HEETER & CHAUDOIN

198 Main Street,

Have on hand a large and well assorted stock of

Mens' and Boys' Wool and Fur

Hats,

Mens' Panama, Leghorn and

Palm Leaf Hats,

Ladies' and Misses' Hoods,

Ladies' and Misses Trimmed

Hats

In great variety. Merchants are invited to examine their stock before buying.

HEETER & CHAUDOIN,

May 12-17

LOUISVILLE

FURNITURE

MANUFACTURING COMP'Y.

JAMES W. STOKES, Pres't.

—FACTORY—

Corner Ninth and Jefferson Sts.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT IS NOW

In full and successful operation, and is prepared to fill all orders of the trade at Wholesale only, at as

Cheap Rates as any City

IN THE WEST.

We invite especial attention to our very complete assortment of Furniture, embracing

ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES.

CHAIRS,

SOFAS,

DESKS,

WARDROBES,

Safes, Bedsteads, &c.

In connection, we have an extensive

Mattress Manufactory,

In which every species of Bedding is prepared after the most approved patterns.

March 17-3m

Dry Goods.

S. ULLMAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

New No. 159,

(OLD NO. 430.)

MAIN ST.,

North Side between Fourth and Fifth,

T. ULLMAN, } Louisville, Ky.

B. HESS, }

J. F. BAMBERGER. }

April 7-17

LOUISVILLE

PURCHASING HOUSE.

HAVING been connected with the largest business houses of Louisville for the past twenty-five years, and paying constant attention to the fluctuations of the market, we are prepared to purchase

Dry Goods,

NOTIONS,

Groceries, Hardware,

Hats and Caps,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRUGS,

CLOTHING, QUEENSWARE,

Agricultural Implements,

SEEDS,

IRON, PRODUCE,

And all kinds of Merchandise

wanted by Country

Merchants

Our object is to fill all small orders at a reasonable per cent. that will not justify a trip to this city from the interior. And we are satisfied that our purchases will be as low as if personal attention had been given by the merchant himself.

Those favoring us with their orders will please state plainly the articles wanted. All Goods bought and shipped by us will be insured, unless otherwise directed, and charged on the bill.

Charges 2 per cent. for all bills over \$500;—2½ per cent. for all bills less. No charge to our regular customers. We refer to the business men generally.

VAN PELT, MOSES & CO.,

246 Main Street,

Bet. Sixth and Seventh.

April 7-3m.

United States Bonded

WAREHOUSE.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO

GENERAL

COMMISSION

AND

FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

157 West Main Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

AGENTS FOR

Distilleries, Flouring, Cotton &

Flax Mills; Tobacco, Cigar, Soap and

Candle Manufactories; Malt, Hops &

Industrial & Commercial Gazette.
H. M. McCARTY,) EDITORS.
J. H. TURNER,)
Occasionally assisted in the various departments by the following gentlemen:
GEO. W. MORRIS—Department of Commerce.
ARTHUR PETER—Department of Manufactures.
Prof. J. LAWRENCE SMITH—Mining, Oil, and Applied Science.
ISAAC SHELLEY TODD—Department of Agriculture.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY WEEKLY IN LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, KY:
SATURDAY, — JULY 7, 1866.

Our Book Table.
POEMS BY ALICE M'CLURE GRIFFIN.

A copy of this work has been handed us by a friend. It is an octavo of 176 pages—neatly printed and elegantly bound. It is dedicated in very affectionate and graceful terms to the parents of the authoress, and is heralded by a well-written preface from the pen of G. W. Griffin, Esq., husband of the gifted poetess. The preface makes a hit in advance at those carping critics who are always ready to discover the faults, and equally ready to conceal the excellencies of another—who are infinitely better at pulling down than building up—who can tear to pieces, but cannot construct—who can detect a grammatical error, but cannot originate a thought; a pestilent brood who generally appear at the advent of a great genius into the literary world—and who annoy and retard his progress for a season, by the petty mischief they work for a time—but finally die and are forgotten forever about the time that the great author's thoughts begin to take up their eternal abode in the hearts of mankind. Poetry was born before the critics—and myriads of them live out their petty lives and perish and sink to oblivion during the literary immortality of one great poet.

We have only had time for a hasty glance at Mrs. Griffin's poems, but that glance has revealed to us much tenderness and beauty. The "Song" dedicated to the Burns Club at Cincinnati rings like the glorious music of the "Peasant-bard of Ayrshire," himself, when he touched his own wild harp to strains of untaught minstrelsy, and poured "aud Scotia's" sorrows, loves and joys along his artless lines. From a poem called "Childhood," we take the following sweet extract:

Thus comest thou, sweet, happy childhood hours,
With only one bright smile in a life—
One little rebuke upon the sky of time,
On which the eye may turn in after years,
And, by the aid of memory, trace the stars
Of unrecorded pleasure clustering there.
Ah, could the youthful heart be taught the worth
Of those sweet hours so idly oftimes run,
How much of disappointment, woe, and care,
The heart, experience taught, might learn to shun!
Could they but learn to garner up the gems
Of kind mementoes lavished on their minds
By those who, by experience, know too well
The value of each moment God has given,
Those hours might then have more than joys to tell,
And more than pleasure's pastimes to recount,—
A catalogue of useful deeds instead.
Be on record, as landmarks of the past,—
The fame of which might safely guide the feet
Of others, toiling up the steep of time,
And smooth the path, and save the weary foot
From those that oftentimes hedge the devious way.
Ah, these are lessons we should bear in mind;
For God requires this tribute at our hands,
The task of aiding others on their kind,
With willing hearts, across life's desert sands.

We also transfer with pleasure to our columns, a delicious little morceau, entitled

THE MERRY BREEZE.
Sweeping down the hill-side,
Stealing through the leaves,
Dancing on the hill-side,
Sporting with the waves,
Trapping by the fountain,
Singing through the trees,
And along the mountain,
Come the merry breeze,
Merry in the spring time,
Joyous in the summer,
When its zephyr wings chime
With the brooklet's murmur,
In rain and sunshine sporting,
"O'er flowery groves and trees,
In every clime resorting,
Is found the merry breeze."

"CHRISTIAN REPOSITORY AND FAMILY VISITOR. CONDUCTED BY S. H. FORD, MEMPHIS."—We have the second number of the new series of this able periodical lying before us. It is neatly bound and very handsomely printed. Its typography does credit to Memphis and to Messrs. Hutton & Bower of the Daily Argus Job Office from whence it emanates.

Rev. S. H. Ford, who conducts this monthly, is a man of well-known talent, and his articles are marked with ability, fervor and research, but we must be allowed to say that we do not altogether admire the semi-political tone and tendency of the paper headed: "Duty of Southern Churches."

(Chrysostom, the golden-mouthed, by Christ Davidson, M. D., is a well-written paper, and worthy a place in the repository among so many other able productions which commend themselves alike to the consideration of the christian and the man of the world. We wish success to all such periodicals, always stipulating, however, that they shall consent to let politics take care of themselves.

We are glad to discover the facile and elegant pen of the authoress of "Grace Trueman" again employed in disseminating useful truths among the readers of our country, and inculcating the maxims of a benign and holy religion in the minds and hearts of the rising generation. Mrs. F. is a pure-hearted, earnest woman, and will deserve to rank with Maria Edgeworth, Hannah More, and those other great female lights of religion and education, who have conferred honor upon their sex and blessings upon the world.

Louisville Post Office.

Some of the figures in an article in our last number being inaccurate we republish the most important paragraphs as they should have been:

During the last quarter of 1866, the sales of postage stamps and stamped envelopes amounted to \$9,900 00. Sales for quarter ending March 31, 1866, amounted to \$18,941 00; for present quarter about \$19,500.

The number of letters received for delivery in this city during the last quarter in 1866 was 300,324.

The number of letters received for the city during the quarter ending March 31, 1866, was 428,324—being about 32,950 per week.

Total number sent during 4th quarter 1866, was 244,521.

For this quarter (ending June 30) the number sent will amount to 305,448.

The number of letters delivered during the month of May was 48,000 instead of 480,000.

If we may credit reports from Washington, there appears to be little doubt that the duties provided under the new tariff bill will be made to apply to all goods in bond. It is true that no mention is made in the bill, as reported to the House, of any such purpose; this omission, however, is no evidence that such a clause will not be incorporated in the bill in its final form. The open announcement of such a purpose would have been the signal for an opposition which might have defeated it; and it is consequently quite possible that the clause may be smuggled into the bill in its last stages.

The American Agriculturalist, for July, has reached us already. Every farmer ought to have a copy of this valuable publication. Terms, \$1 50 per year. Address, ORANGE JUDD & Co., No. 41 Park Row, New York City.

NEW MUSIC.—We find upon our table a Bachanalian chant set to music, entitled "Old Bourbon," written by A. Fulkerson, Esq., the "Excentric." It is lively and inspiring, and as its rollicking notes and stirring words are sounded, we can almost imagine that we see the generous fluid and hear the jingle of the glasses. We presume that it can be found at any of the music stores.

In the above song the native drink of Kentucky—"Old Bourbon"—has found a bard to sing its praises. Burns sang the beauties and glories of "John Barley-corn"—Moore and Anacreon have both chanted in thrilling strains the blessings of wine and women—while it was reserved to Fulkerson to perpetuate the virtues of the famous beverage of his native State.

For sale by McCarrell & Meininger, Jefferson street.

The Pic Nic at Paroquette.

We had a delightful excursion on last Tuesday, in company with our respected senior, to Paroquette Springs—which is pleasantly located about one mile northeast of Shepherdsville, the county seat of Bullitt. It is the most pleasant and delicious retreat from the hot walls and dusty streets of the city that is to be found anywhere in the country. A ride of eighteen miles on the ears of the L. & N. railroad, brought us thither at the early hour of eight in the morning. On our arrival we saw from all directions the "honest men and bonnie lassies" of the surrounding regions coming in on horseback, or by buggy or barouche, gay cavaliers and elegant ladies—to attend the annual pic nic at Paroquette; for be it observed that this is an annual festival, duly observed by the inhabitants of that section in each successive year.

The recurrence of its delightful reunions was unbroken even amid the turbulent times of the war, and kept the flames of friendship and good neighborhood alive through those dark and disastrous days—while its annual return on each of the four long and bloody years of that sad national conflict, was like a gleam of golden sunshine on the bosom of the dark and lurid storm—a "silver lining to the cloud," that spoke of the sweet return of halcyon peace and the cloudless advent of better days. Thank God, "the clouds that lowered upon our house are in the deep bosom of the ocean buried, and our bruised arms hung up for monuments."

There was a fine band of music in attendance, under the leadership of Capt. Cole, (colored), from Louisville, with "his boys," who made the adjacent woods eloquent with the mingled strains of haut-boy, clarinet and violin—

"While footstep light as zephyr's breath
Kept time to music's merry sound."

The edibles prepared for the occasion and liberally dispensed to and partaken of by the crowd, reflect the highest honor on the culinary ability and domestic skill of Mesdames Colmesnil, Phelps, McKay, Thompson and other good housewives of Bullitt. May their days be many in the land! May their daughters be always beautiful and their sons ever generous and brave. The fame of their hospitality has gone abroad, and their deeds of unostentatious kindness shall be spoken of whenever the blessed name of Kentuckian is pronounced or heard.

We are sorry that we have not space to do ample justice to the beauty and chivalry assembled on the occasion; but a passing allusion to a few of the lovely representatives of the fairer sex must suffice for the present.

The Misses R—s, (chaperoned by the genial Mrs. P—,) with dark hair and darker eyes, fascinated the gaze of the multitude with their high order of beauty. Miss J. B. S— mingled with graceful steps amid the dancers, and shed a passing loveliness on all the scene around, while her dark eyes had a spell of witchery for all who gazed into their pure and liquid depths. There was one poor fellow of our acquaintance, whom we wot of, that fell an untimely victim of their sorcery. He took it very hard, but we are happy to state that at the time we left him he was doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances, and faint hopes are still entertained of his final recovery.

The beautiful forms of the Misses A. H., E. B., E. T., B. S., S. P., and A. T., were seen ever and anon gliding through the dance with "grace in their steps, heaven in their eyes—in all their actions dignity and love."

The Misses W—s, twin sisters—youth, beautiful and bewitching, were the observed of all observers.

Misses Annie and Jennie McC—y, attracted marked attention by the elegance of their manner, their gracefulness of movement, and unconscious and modest deportment.

Besides these we heard others spoken of with much enthusiasm among the gallants, among whom we remember the names of Misses Susie B., Sallie S., Kate H., Lizzie and Maggie W., Lou. G., Sue and Patsy P., Lizzie T., Lizzie and Emma McD.

We would faint continue this pleasing theme but must desist.

We will do all concerned in the festival of the 3d at Paroquette, the justice to say that we have never witnessed a more pleasant, quiet, happy and every way agreeable gathering in all our lives. We wish our friends who were there assembled, many returns of their annual meetings, under those cool and delicious shades. If youth and love could be with them forever, it would only gratify our heartfelt wishes in their behalf.

Adieu, dear shades of love and peace,
Where youth and beauty oft have met,
Farewell! but till my life shall cease,
Will I remember Paroquette! A. F.

Manufactures in Louisville.

Few persons will contend for a moment that manufactures are not very important to a city, but it is very unfortunate that nearly all men of means here have serious objections to engage in such pursuits. Their preferences have generally been for oil wells, real estate, or speculations in cotton and the like. That the brilliant success of all these has not fully vindicated their sagacity I will not deny, but they may do well to reconsider carefully some of the many objections they have made, and are making, to manufacturing.

It is true that those who are already engaged in manufacturing should be considered exempt from being called on to engage in new branches of manufacturing with which they are unacquainted, for reasons which will readily suggest themselves; but many who have made money here in other pursuits, and whose interests are identified with the city, if they would study their own or the city's welfare, it would seem, should consider the subject well before refusing to aid in manufacturing projects which may be presented.

Many new manufactures are needed here, and which are well adapted to this locality. Attempts are frequently made here to induce our capitalists and business men to engage in new manufacturing enterprises, but generally without success. Call upon a banker to take stock in one of them, and he is almost sure to reply very promptly and sagely that it is entirely out of his line of business, and declines to even examine the project. A similar answer is pretty sure to come from the retired merchant or manufacturer, with perhaps the additional sage remark that they never engage in any business which they do not understand. If all men had been as wise and sagacious as these objectors, Fulton would never have found any one to assist him in his attempt at steam navigation, and no manufactures would ever have been introduced into this country except such as may have been attempted by the very few skilled persons who had means of their own for such purposes. Our gas and waterworks would never have been constructed, and our city and country would have been without a railroad.

It is objected to by many that they have already so much stock in the various city companies and in the railroads, and which pay small dividends, that they cannot do any thing now to help Louisville manufactures. Many will even refuse to look at a manufacturing project, as though they feared it might show better financial results than the business in which they are now engaged. Perhaps if they were to take the trouble to examine some of these claims, they might find something not only to compensate for their poorer investments, but something more for the advantage of the city.

But some of the richest objections come from the holders of real estate. They touch manufactures? Not they. They go for something more solid and substantial. That the very men most interested of all others in the material advancement of the city should be the last to encourage manufacturing enterprises may appear singular, but it is so. The large holders of real estate, as a general thing, give you distinctly to understand that they are not such fools as to meddle in such matters. And this repugnance to manufactures comes in the face of the fact that manufactures

here have been, as a general thing, successful.

It is true that failure sometimes attends a manufacturing attempt, but success is the general rule. Indeed "the enormous profits of manufacturers" rings through commercial reports, political speeches and editorials, not only as an admitted fact but a great grievance.

It is a singular fact that capital can be more readily secured for manufactures in which there is great competition, than it can be for new enterprises. Flouring mills, foundries, &c., are started almost without effort and without observation, while the manufacture of any articles not so well known, requires prodigious efforts to secure attention from capitalists, though these last manufacturers, especially when connected with new inventions, have generally paid the largest profits.

There are now several manufacturing establishments in New England, based upon recent inventions, paying 100 per cent. or more. A capitalist may, with some show of consistency, decline going into a cotton factory of the ordinary kind until he has first looked round for some other manufacturing enterprise, promising better profits and greater safety from competition. A cotton manufacturing company failed the other day in Rhode Island for almost a million, but from the meager accounts furnished, the failure more probably arose from gambling in cotton and in goods, rather than from legitimate manufacturing. For thirty or forty years from the commencement of cotton manufacturing under Arkwright, enormous profits were made, enabling England to compete in wealth with all the world, but, of late years, competition has so materially reduced the profits that manufacturers can now only calculate the chances of profits without any certainty against loss. The only thing approaching to certainty on the profit side in this respect of late, has been to watch the chances to buy manufacturing property greatly below its value.

To know the kinds of manufacturing needed in the city, one has only to look at the many millions of dollars worth of manufactured goods imported, and which could be made here as well as anywhere else. Some branches of cotton and wool manufacture might be found to pay well with those of hemp and flax, and the requisite skill can be found here needing, seeking employment.

It is very rare that men skilled in the mechanical or manufacturing arts have the requisite means for carrying out manufacturing enterprises. Like Arkwright, some of them, from poverty, present such a shabby appearance that they find it difficult to get the ear of capitalists, and when he finds it necessary to visit a vast number, like Columbus, before he can find one to listen to him, and he may often go hungry before he can succeed. The case should be reversed; capital should hunt the skill, and not wait for skill to hunt the capital.

Immense fortunes lie in the field of manufactures if men would use a little good judgment, common sense and perseverance in looking for them. But these are nothing to the beneficent results that would flow to the masses of our people and to the city's material prosperity.

In some European countries good men have found it necessary to resort to manufacturing enterprises as the only means of relieving large classes of the people from pauperism. Would it not be better to furnish employment by a wise system of manufactures to our poor women and children before pauperism has entered upon its deadly work?

The above article appeared in the Courier some months since, but is as applicable now as then. We commend it to the serious consideration of our men of means.

Dr. J. C. C. Blackburn, of Atlanta, Ga., and a brother somewhere in Texas, are the presumed heirs at law of two millions of dollars, lately left by Robert Bruce Blackburn, of Blackburnsboro', Scotland.

THIRD annual exhibition of the Madison County Stock, Agricultural, and Mechanical Association! To be held on the Fair grounds near Richmond, Kentucky, on Tuesday, August 14th, 1866, and continue four days. J. F. T. H.

W. F. SPYBEY,
CARRIAGE
Manufacturer,
No. 226 Jefferson St.,
BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH,
One square below the Court House, and opposite the Jail,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufactures and keep on hand a fine assortment of
ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES,
Light Spring Wagons, &c.,
Of the very best quality and latest styles, and for sale at LOWEST RATES.
Repairing of all kinds done on reasonable terms.
June 30-1m

BOLTING CLOTHS!
Warranted Genuine
D. FOUR Anchor Brand. All Nos. from 000 to 13. A large stock always on hand, which, as freightage on this article is next to nothing, we are enabled to sell
At Eastern Prices.
H. W. WILKES,
Main St., near Fourth, Louisville, Ky.
June 30-1f

COTTON GINS,
EAGLE PATTERN.
GINS of 18, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60 to 100 saws each, always on hand. This celebrated Gin has been used and thoroughly tested for many years throughout the South, in all cases giving entire satisfaction.
Send for a Circular with cut and description.
H. W. WILKES,
Authorized agent for Louisville, Ky.
June 30-1f

New Advertisements.

WANTED.
WOOL, GINSENG,
BEESWAX, &c.
FOR WHICH THE
Highest Cash Price
Will be paid by
STINE & CO.,
Commission Merchants, No. 69 Main St.
June 23-3m

PASTURAGE.
HORSES and MULES taken to pasturage by the week or month, at reasonable rates. Apply at this office.
June 23-1f

GOOD PASTURAGE
FOR Horses and Mules, with rich Grass, and plenty of running water, at Paroquet Springs, near Shepherdsville. Terms reasonable.
[June 23-1f]

JAS. A. CLARK, GEO. W. MORRIS, CHAS. L. WHITE.

JAS. A. CLARK & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
IMPORTERS
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINES & LIQUORS,
Tobacco, Cigars,
Foreign Fruits,
Fancy Groceries, &c., &c.
NO. 73 THIRD STREET,
EAST SIDE, BET. MAIN AND MARKET,
Louisville, Ky.
June 23-3m

Important to Merchants and Shippers!
REDUCED RATES!
NATIONAL EXPRESS
AND
Transportation Comp'y.
(CARRIES Freight to and from the principal Eastern cities 50 to 75 cents per one hundred pounds cheaper than any other Express Company, and make as good time.
Rate from New York \$4 per 100 pounds.
Rate from Philadelphia \$3 75 cents per 100 pounds.
Rate from Baltimore \$3 50 per 100 pounds.
Money, valuable packages and small parcels carried also at reduced rates.
Bankers and Brokers will find it to their interest to ship by this Company, as it offers them LOW RATES AND INSURANCE WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

B. WILSON,
AGENT,
Office No. 259 Main St., bet Seventh & Eighth,
Louisville, Ky.
June 9-3t

S. BROWNELL. J. W. STINE.
HOPE WOOLEN MILLS,
BROWNELL & CO.,
Cor. Jefferson and Campbell Streets.

THIRD annual exhibition of the Madison County Stock, Agricultural, and Mechanical Association! To be held on the Fair grounds near Richmond, Kentucky, on Tuesday, August 14th, 1866, and continue four days. J. F. T. H.

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One square below the Court House, and opposite the Jail,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufactures and keep on hand a fine assortment of
ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES,
Light Spring Wagons, &c.,
Of the very best quality and latest styles, and for sale at LOWEST RATES.
Repairing of all kinds done on reasonable terms.
June 30-1m

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Warranted Genuine
D. FOUR Anchor Brand. All Nos. from 000 to 13. A large stock always on hand, which, as freightage on this article is next to nothing, we are enabled to sell
At Eastern Prices.
H. W. WILKES,
Main St., near Fourth, Louisville, Ky.
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EAGLE PATTERN.
GINS of 18, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60 to 100 saws each, always on hand. This celebrated Gin has been used and thoroughly tested for many years throughout the South, in all cases giving entire satisfaction.
Send for a Circular with cut and description.
H. W. WILKES,
Authorized agent for Louisville, Ky.
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EAGLE PATTERN.
GINS of 18, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60 to 100 saws each, always on hand. This celebrated Gin has been used and thoroughly tested for many years throughout the South, in all cases giving entire satisfaction.
Send for a Circular with cut and description.
H. W. WILKES,
Authorized agent for Louisville, Ky.
June 30-1f

Miscellaneous.

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!
WE are manufacturing three different styles of Glass Fruit Jars, viz:

Screw Top,
Tin Top,
Cork Top.

ORDERS SOLICITED.
KRACK & REED,
41 Bullitt Street, Louisville, Ky.
June 9-1f

FLETCHER'S
PATENT
ROTARY ENGINE.

HAVING purchased the patent right for the State of Kentucky, we have made the necessary arrangements for the manufacture of these Engines. We are prepared to furnish them of all sizes, at short notice.
Their great economy in price, as well as simplicity and durability, must recommend them to speedy and universal favor.
Orders may be left with Jas. B. Davis & Co., corner Ninth and Main Streets, or addressed to BENJ. RANKIN & CO., Box No. 147, Louisville, Ky.

READY FOR SALE.
We have six Engines now ready for sale, each six-horse power. Price \$275, with guarantee.
B. R. & CO.
June 17-1f

THE
CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS
IS NOW
OPEN FOR VISITORS,
And Trains will be running from Louisville to the Springs by the first of July. New and elegant Buildings, Furniture entirely new, good cuisine, and healthy location.

Charges Reasonable.
SHANNON & TORRELL,
June 23-1m Proprietors.

CLARK BRADLEY,
COACH
AND
CARRIAGE

MANUFACTURER;
No. 20 MAIN ST.
Bet. First and Second,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufactures and keeps constantly on hand, a general assortment of Carriages, Rockaways, &c., of the latest fashion.
May 26-3m

Thos. Anderson, W. L. McCampbell,
Jno. W. Armstrong, Jno. A. Orr.

ANDERSON, McCAMPBELL
& CO.,
IMPORTERS
AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
Old No. 518, New No. 187
MAIN ST., NORTH SIDE, BET. FIFTH & SIXTH
LOUISVILLE, KY.
June 23-6m

Female Goats.
HALF BLOOD CASHMERE and Common, for sale at fair prices. Apply at this office.
June 9-1f

Insurance.

HOPE
INSURANCE COMPANY,

77 1-2 Fourth Street,
LOUISVILLE KY.
GUARANTEE CAPITAL,
\$200,000.

INSURES AGAINST
DAMAGE BY FIRE,
LIGHTNING & TORNADO
OFFICERS:

T. T. SHREVE, President.
D. G. BLY, Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
S. H. SOUTHWICK, Secretary.

THE CHEAPEST INSURANCE IS
PARTICIPATION IN THE PROP-
ERTY OF THE COMPANY BY
THE POLICY HOLDERS.

Benj. D. Kennedy,
INSURANCE AGENT,

No. 142 Main Street, (Old No. 413,) South
side, between Fourth and Fifth streets,
(DULANEY'S BUILDING.)

LOUISVILLE, KY.
INSURANCES TAKEN ON FAVORABLE
TERMS UPON

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF INSUR-
ANCE PROPERTY, MERCHAN-
DISE, CARGO SHIPMENTS

BY RIVER AND RAILROAD,
AND UPON LIFE,
ON THE PARTICIPATION OR RETURN
PREMIUM PLAN.

All Losses Promptly and Liberally Ad-
justed, and paid at Louisville, Ky.
March 3-4

THE
KENTUCKY
WASHER AND WRINGER,

HAVING proved itself superior in every con-
test, remains the Champion Washer of
America. We warrant it to wash faster, with
less wear to the clothing, and less labor to the
operator, than any other Washer in the United
States.

Brinly's Plows.

We have on hand a good stock of this un-
rivalled Plow, suited to EVERY KIND OF SOIL,
manufactured under the personal supervision
of Mr. Brinly, the inventor and patentee.
We are Manufacturers' Agents for

The Champion Reaper and
Mower.

Case's Riding Cultivator.
Sattley's Gang Plow,
Walker's Horse Hay Fork.

SCHOOLEY'S STRAW & PODDER CUTTER.
SOUR & COLTON'S PATENT DRAG SAW,
COWING'S WELL & CISTERN PUMPS.

Agricultural Implements gen-
erally.

BRINLY, DODGE & HARDY,
112 W. Main, bet. 3d and 4th Sts.,
Louisville, Ky.
Send for a circular of what you want.
April 21-4

Tobacco and Cotton.

GEO. W. WICKS

(Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.)

TOBACCO & COTTON
FACTOR,

AND DEALER IN

BAGGING AND ROPE,

AND ALL KINDS OF

Manufactured Tobacco, Cotton
Yarns, &c.

162 Main Street, bet. Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Miscellaneous.

C. P. BARNES'
EXTRA
GOLD PENS

REDUCED Price List.	Pen only.	Pen with holder.	Pen with holder and case.	Pen with holder and case, and pencil.	Pen with holder and case, and pencil, and brush.
No. 1.....	\$ 75	\$1 25	\$1 75	\$3 00	\$6 00
" 2.....	1 00	1 50	2 00	3 25	6 50
" 3.....	1 25	1 75	2 25	3 50	7 00
" 4.....	1 50	2 00	2 50	3 75	7 50
" 5.....	2 00	2 50	3 00	4 00	8 00
" 6.....	2 25	2 75	3 25	4 25	8 50
" 7.....	2 50	3 00	3 50	4 50	9 00
" 8.....	3 00	3 50	4 00	5 00	10 00
" 9.....	3 50	4 00	4 50	5 50	
" 10.....	4 00	4 50	5 00	6 00	
" 11.....	4 50	5 00	5 50	6 50	
" 12.....	5 00	5 50	6 00	7 00	
" 13.....	5 50	6 00	6 50	7 50	
" 14.....	6 00	6 50	7 00	8 00	
" 15.....	6 50	7 00	7 50	8 50	
" 16.....	7 00	7 50	8 00	9 00	
" 17.....	7 50	8 00	8 50	9 50	
" 18.....	8 00	8 50	9 00	10 00	
" 19.....	8 50	9 00	9 50		
" 20.....	9 00	9 50	10 00		

These Pens bear my TRADE MARK 'C. P. BARNES EXTRA,
LOC. KY.' for which I have secured the copy right, and
are warranted equal in business of material and work-
manship to the best Eastern Manufacture, and are
believed to be superior to all others in durability and
other substantial qualities which combine to make a
really serviceable pen. Sent by mail or express on re-
ceipt of price and RETURN CHARGES, (if by mail, at my
risk when 20 cents is added for registry.) Write your
name and address plainly.

Postage on single pen THREE CENTS, pen with any case,
holder and box, six cents. Old pens repaired for
Fifty cents (and stamp) each.

Clergymen supplied at half price.
Address, C. P. BARNES,
Gold Pen Manufacturer, and
Agent for American Watches,
224 Main St., below 6th, Louisville, Ky.

ESTABLISHED 1835.

ALEX. CRAIG. H. P. TRUMAN. T. M. SWANN.

CRAIG, TRUMAN & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Straw Goods,

AND

LADIES' FURS.

218 Main Street,
2d door East of Louisville Hotel,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

We keep constantly on hand a full assortment
of mens' and boys' black and colored staple

WOOL HATS.

Also all grades and styles
FUR AND BRUSH HATS,
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTH CAPS,
MEN'S AND BOYS' PANAMA, STRAW AND
PALM LEAF HATS, ALL GRADES,
LADIES' STRAW AND FELT HATS, ALL
GRADES,
LADIES' FANCY FURS, ALL GRADES.

We pledge ourselves to keep as good stocks,
and sell as low as any firm East or West. We
solicit an examination of our Stock.
Particular attention paid to filling orders.
Jan. 20-4

H. W. WILKES,

131 Main Street, near Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Woolen Mill Supplies,
Cotton Mill Supplies,
Rubber Belting,
Leather Belting,
Bolting Cloth,
Machine Cards,
Carding Machines,
Cotton Gins,
Cotton Warps,
Wove Wire Screen,
Cordage and Rope,
Gum Hose and Packing,
Sheet Metals and Wires,
Lace Leather and Rivets,
Buhr Mill Stones,
Turbine Water Wheels,
Fan Mill Materials,

With almost all other articles
necessary for

Mills, Foundries, Factories,
Railroads, Oil-Well, etc.

Send for a Catalogue.

April 7-7m

W. H. WALKER & CO.

U. S. BONDED WAREHOUSE
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PURE

WINES & LIQUORS,
Including Bourbon, Nelson, Marion and other
Kentucky Copper Distilled

WHISKIES.

No. 49 East Main Street, bet. 2d & 3d,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Cash paid for new
COPPER WHISKY

IN BOND.

may 20-3m

BRADSHAW & BRO.,
ARCHITECTS,

Office, 64 Main Street,
Between Second and Third, South side,
LOUISVILLE KY.

Iron Dealers.

W. B. BELKNAP & CO.,

DEALERS IN

IRON, NAILS, STEEL, &C.,

AND AGENTS FOR

SHOENBERGER'S

BOILER PLATES.

E. & F. Fairbanks & Co's.

SCALES,

AND

LILLIE'S SAFES.

No. 83, Corner Main & Third Sts.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dec. 2-4.

Wallace & Co.,

No. 93 Green street, between Third and Fourth,

Have just received a fine assortment of

MARBLEIZED
SLATE MANTELS.

Much Cheaper than Marble,
Equal in beauty and superior in dura-
bility.

Also a fine assortment of

GRATES

Of the latest improvement. We are prepared
to set Grates and Ranges, &c., in the
best manner. Call and see us.
April 14-3m

NAUTS, REAMER
& OWENS,

DEALERS IN

IRON, NAILS,

STEEL, &C.,

AND AGENTS FOR

NEW ALBANY ROL-
LING MILL CO.,

DEQUESNE NAIL WORKS,

F. W. MERZ'S SAFES,

No. 247,

West Main st., bet. 6th and 7th,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Keep constantly on hand and sell at lowest
Market rates—

Nails, Springs, Bolts,
Iron, Axles, Horse Shoes,
Steel, Oakum, Horse Shoe Nails,
Spikes, Nuts, Blacksmith's Tools,
Safes, Manila Rope, Plow Material.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

Wrought and Cast Scraps.

March 31-4

GROVER & BAKER'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM ELASTIC STITCH
SEWING MACHINES.

5 Masonic Temple, Louisville, Ky.
H. BOSTWICK, Agent.
Feb. 24-4

5 Masonic Temple, Louisville, Ky.

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5 Masonic Temple, Louisville, Ky.

Groceries.

JOHN SNYDER & CO.,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

Pure Bourbon

AND OTHER

WHISKIES,

7 MAIN ST.,
Bet. First and Second.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Jan 13-4

A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

143 MAIN STREET

Between Fourth and Fifth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

JACOB F. WELLER,

WHOLESALE

GROCER.

No. 99 West Main Street,
Between Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Paper.

New Wholesale

PAPER WAREHOUSE,

290 MAIN STREET,
South side, between Seventh and Eighth
LOUISVILLE, KY.

William Cromey,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

PAPER

OF ALL KINDS.

BONNET BOARDS

Binder's Boards, Card Boards,

ENVELOPES,

Printing Inks, &c.

HAVING HAD NEARLY TWENTY
years experience in this branch of business, I feel
confident I can make it to the interest of all persons
buying Paper to examine my stock before making their
purchases.
Orders by mail or otherwise shall receive prompt
attention.
Highest market price in Cash paid for
Rags, Hemp and Grass Rope, &c.

GUNPOWDER.

WILLIAM CROMEY,

AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

ORIENTAL AND HAWAII

GUNPOWDER,

No. 290 MAIN STREET,
Bet. Seventh and Eighth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

A full supply of

Sporting, Rifle and Blasting Pow-
der and Safety-Fuse

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

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ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

ALWAYS ON HAND & FOR SALE.

Fancy Goods and Notions.

NEW HOUSE.

VAN PELT, MOSES & CO.,

WHOLESALE

FANCY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS.

No. 246 Main street,
BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH.

A complete assortment of

Fancy and White Goods, Hosie-
ry, Gloves, Furnishing Goods,
Umbrellas, Parasols, Canes,
Rubber Goods, Hoop
Skirts, Baskets,
Clocks, Jewelry,
Perfumery, Toys, and
all descriptions of FANCY
And Staple NOTIONS.

April 23-4

D. R. Young & Co.

Wholesale Dealers

IN

FANCY GOODS,

White Goods,

NOTIONS,

Hosiery, &c.

Comprising a choice new stock of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.

200

SOUTH SIDE MAIN,
BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STS.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Feb. 24-4

J. H. WRIGHT.

SIDNEY PARKER.

J. H. WRIGHT & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

White Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Hosiery,

Gloves,

AND

Foundries.

J. S. LITHGOW & CO.,
VINCENT COX,
C. O. SMITH,
J. L. SMYSER.

MANUFACTURERS OF
STOVES,
Castings, Tin, Copper and
SHEET IRON WARE.

And Importers and Dealers in
Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire,
BLOCK TIN,

TINNERS' MACHINES
Hand Tools, &c.

85 & 87 1/2 West corner Third and Main Streets.

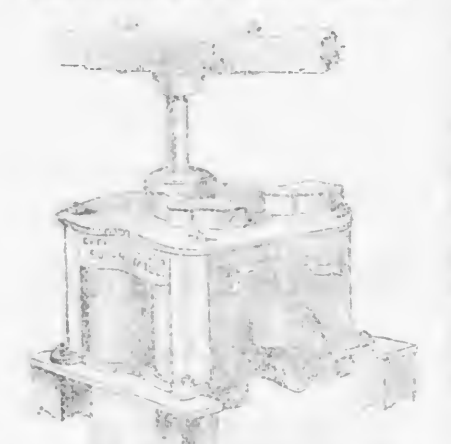
Always in stock the most complete assortment of
Manufactured Tin Ware,

AND
House Furnishing

GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE WEST.
VARIETY FOUNDRY

AND
MACHINE WORKS.



PEARSON, AIKIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Sugar Cane Mills
AND
EVAPORATORS,

Steam Engines and Boilers, Saw, Grist
Mills & Agricultural Machinery,
Small Castings, &c.

Main Street, bet. Twelfth and Thirteenth.
Job Work of all kinds done in good style, on
short notice.

Liquors.

J. Monks & Cobb

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PURE
Bourbon, Nelson, and Marion County
COPPER DISTILLED

Whiskies,
NO. 287 MAIN STREET,
Between Seventh and Eighth,

Louisville, Ky.

G. H. COCHRAN. EDW'D FULTON.

COCHRAN & FULTON,
(Successors to Jno Cochran & Son.)

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers

NO. 330 MAIN STREET,

Between Third & Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Terry & Smith,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

243 West Main Street,
BET. SIXTH & SEVENTH.

300 bags Coffee,
300 bls. Refined Sugars,
50 bls. N. O. Sugar,
1000 bls. Flour, all grades,
500 pks. Mackerel, bls., half do kegs and
kits.

200 boxes Star Candles,
100 " Mould "
50 kegs Shot,
500 kegs Nails,
20 bags Rice,
20 bls. N. O. Molasses,
Syrup in kegs, half bls. and bls.
600 cases Canned Fruit,
100 bls. Whisky, also French Brandy,
Champagne, Port, Madeira, Melaga and Sherry
Wine, and a full assortment of Groceries. Man-
ufacturers' Agents for the celebrated

"Wampoo Bitters,"
April 28—tf

GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS.
THE undersigned is prepared to make Surveys
of Oil and Mineral lands. Reports of Chem-
ical Analyses will be included in the Geological
Reports when minerals or other substances are
found, that are of value, on the lands surveyed.
Chemical Analyses will be made and advice
on matters of Science given, for which the
charges will be moderate.

C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the Kentucky
School of Medicine, corner 5th and Green sts.
Feb. 3—tf

Foundries.

JULIUS BARBAROUX,
MANUFACTURER OF

STEAMBOAT, STATIONARY AND
PORTABLE

STEAM ENGINES,
BOILERS, SHEET-IRON,

Brass and Copper Work, CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS, Sorghum Sugar Mills,
Mill Machinery, Cast and Wrought
Iron Screw Pipes, Force & Lift Pumps
of various kinds.

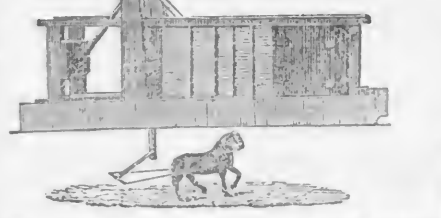
Hydraulic Presses and Machinery
FOR MANUFACTURING TOBACCO.

Tobacco Screws and Presses.
Cast and Wrought Iron Railing and
Verandahs.

CRAIG'S
EXCELSIOR COTTON AND
HAY PRESS.

Patented May 7, 1861, and July 4, 1865

Premium taken at the Kentucky State
Agricultural Fair, 1865.



This Press consists of but few parts, all simple
and substantial.

One male (or horse) and five hands can press from 50
to 60 bales, weighing 500 lbs each, in a day of 10 hours;
the bales, when finished, being 24 inches square and 4
feet long, or can be made, if desired, 20 inches square and
4 feet long; thus avoiding the necessity of compressing
them again for the ship, and saving at least one half the
baling and rope, besides a great saving in freight and
hauling.

The Press, complete, (frame of the best white oak and
well painted), will be furnished at my factory for \$200,
or delivered on board Boat, or at Railroad Depot, for \$225.
When the purchaser prefers, a complete set of tools, with
drawings in detail, so that any carpenter can get out the
timber and put up the Press, will be furnished for \$125,
including the right to use, delivered on Boat, or at Rail-
road Depot. The Press, complete, weighs 2500 lbs.; the
tools only 1800 lbs.

**Oil Well Tools and Ma-
chinery.**

Special attention given to the manufacture of
Engines, Boring Tools,
AND OTHER MACHINERY
USED IN BORING FOR OIL & SALT.

A full stock of the best description of Tools always on
hand, such as

Centre Bits, Reamers, Jars, Joints, Tem-
per Screws, Rope Sockets, Sand Pumps,
Rope Sheaves, Beam Plates, &c., &c.

Orders for any of the above articles, accompanied by
the money, promptly attended to.

Corner Floyd and Washington Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WASHINGTON
FOUNDRY,

Corner Ninth and Main Streets,
DAVIES & CO.
Manufacturers of

Marine, Stationary and Portable
ENGINES.

OIL WELL,
Tobacco, Grist & Saw Mill
MACHINERY
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Boiler, Sheet-Iron, Copper
and Brass Work.

JOS. W. MORRILL. GEO. WORTHINGTON.

J. W. Morrill & Co.,
SUCCESSORS TO

J. T. SMITH & CO.,
No. 220 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS, AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SADDLERY,
Harness,
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
TRUNKS,
Bags and Valises.

Feb. 3—tf

A. M'BRIDE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

Hardware & Cutlery
OIL & MINING IMPLEMENTS.

MANUFACTURER OF
Planes & Mechanics' Tools,
No. 75 Third Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Advertisements.

U. B. EVARTS & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FRENCH & AMERICAN
WINDOW GLASS,
Paints,
AND

PAINTER'S MATERIALS,
LINSEED OIL,
Benzine, Varnishes
OF ALL KINDS. ALSO,

OILS,
Carbon, Lard & Lubricating

Lamps & Trimmings,
LANTERNS, CHANDELIERS, &C.

Main bet. Fourth and Fifth Sts.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Feb. 3—tf

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S

New Improved Family

SEWING MACHINES,
Simple,
Noiseless,
Perfect.

MAKES A STITCH ALIKE ON
BOTH SIDES.

Is so simple that a CHILD can learn to use
them by simply referring to the printed instruc-
tions, which are sent with EVERY MACHINE.

EVERY MACHINE
WARRANTED.

Hemming,
Tucking,
Quilting,
Braiding,
Cording,
Felling,
Stitching,
&c., on these Machines—done to PERFECTION.

They are the Best in the
World.

OUR MANUFACTURING MACHINES

NO. 3, FOR CARRIAGE MANUFACTURES,
No. 2, ("Imperial") for Boot and Shoe Makers,
No. 2, for Tailors, &c.,

are to well known to require any especial no-
tice.

Address
W. H. GOLDBERMAN & CO.,
Agents for the Singer Manufacturing Co.,
NO. 7, MASONIC TEMPLE,
March 10.—6m. Louisville, Ky.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!
Carriage Materials
AND
TRIMMINGS!

No. 8 EAST MAIN STREET,
Bet. First and Brook, North Side,

MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on
hand a large and complete assortment of
Carriages, which he offers for sale at lowest
market rates. His stock embraces, in part, at
follows:

Fine Coaches, Slide Seat Buggies,
" Brette, Shifting Top do
" Coupe's, Plain do do
Barouches, No Top do do
Rockaways, Phaetons.

He trusts that an experience of over twenty-
five years in manufacturing and selling Car-
riages for the South and Southwest will still se-
cure to him a share of that patronage which
has been so liberally bestowed in the past.

To Carriage Manufacturers.

Referring to the title of this advertisement,
I would call your attention to the
Carriage Trimming and Furnishing De-
partment.

Comprising every article used in the manufac-
ture of Carriages, which I am prepared to sell
at the lowest rates. A practical knowledge of
the business enables me to select with care and
judgment the different and many styles of
goods used by manufacturers.

Your orders are respectfully solicited.
May 19—3m

Millinery.

L. & C. BRONNER & CO.,

171 Main St., bet. 5th & 6th,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Silks,
Ribbons,
Flowers,
Feathers,
Laces,
Hats,
Straw-
Goods,
Trimmings,
Pattern-
Bonnets,
Head-Nets,
Fancy Goods,
AND
White Goods.

Milliners and Merchants

FROM THE SOUTH,

Drying in Louisville, will have no occasion to look fur-
ther for a stock adapted to their trade, as one of the firm
in New York is always

FIRST IN THE MARKET,

And we are supplied DIRECT from importers and
manufacturers.

89 Franklin, New York.
2 Franklin Block, Syracuse,
49 Genesee St., Syracuse.

171

MILLINERY GOODS!
WHOLESALE.

CANNON & BYERS,

MAIN STREET,
Between Fifth and Sixth,
JOBBER'S OF

MILLINERY
AND
DRESS-MAKERS' SUPPLIES

Having a resident buyer in New York, are constantly
supplied with every novelty in their line, as it appears
in that market.

They fill orders promptly and carefully, and buy what
they do not have in their own stock.
Louisville, Nov. 25—tf

Music.

THE BEST
PIANOS

ARE MADE BY
Steinway & Sons,
Chickering & Sons,
Erns & Gabler, and
Kurtzman & Hinze.

Schools, Teachers and the Trade supplied at lowest
Eastern prices, by
Southwestern Agent for above celebrated manufactur-
ers—70 Main Street, bet. Second and Third.

THE BEST ORGANS
ARE MADE BY
S. D. & H. W. SMITH.

Dealers supplied at lowest Factory prices, at their
Wholesale Southern Depot,
D. P. FAULDS,
70 Main St., bet. Second and Third.

Musical Instruments,
STRINGS, &c., at wholesale, at lowest Eastern prices.
D. P. FAULDS, 70 Main St.
Importer of Musical Goods, and publisher of Music,
Feb. 10—tf

Drugs and Medicines.

THOS. E. WILSON. AUTHOR PETER.
W. H. DILLINGHAM.

ESTABLISHED IN 1817.

WILSON, PETER
& CO.,

(Successors to Wilson, Starbird & Smith.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

And Importers of Foreign

Drugs and Chemicals

And Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Window-Glass and Glass-
Ware, Tobacco, Snuff, Perfumery,
&c., &c., &c.

167 Main street, Corner of Fifth

Also Proprietors of the

LOUISVILLE

Chemical Works,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

We have removed our business to our own house (on
the northeast corner of Main and Fifth streets, near our
old stand), where we are now prepared to execute the
orders of our friends with facilities for the accurate and
prompt dispatch of business, such as no house in the
West can surpass. We have also removed the

Louisville Chemical Works,
NO. 28, 29, and 30 FIFTH STREET,
Between Main and Water, in the rear of our store.

We have introduced here entirely new, complete and
expensive apparatus and machinery for the manufacture
of

Pure Powders, Fine Chemicals, Ethers,
Acids, Solid and Fluid Extracts,
and all

Pharmaceutical Preparations
of Standard Strength.

In all our preparations our guide shall be the code of
the United States Pharmacopoeia. This addition of chem-
ical manufacturing to our business as Wholesale Drug-
gists enables us to meet the lowest Eastern prices for all
articles of equal strength and purity, and, making our-
selves these Powders and Preparations, we know and are
directly responsible for their quality and standard
strength.

A complete list of all our products sent by mail upon
application to us. 3-vecked quotations also made to all
Druggists and Physicians.

We are Agents in the States of Kentucky and Tennes-
see for J. B. Nichols & Co.'s Chemicals.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.
We are the only Agents in this State of George Tinsman
& Co., of New York, whose instruments are so well
known in this country and in Europe for their excellence
and fine finish. We keep a large assortment of their in-
struments, which we sell at their retail rates.

We are also Wholesale Agents for

Dr. John Bull's Medicines
And the Genuine
SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP.

All of which we offer at minimum prices.
Feb. 10—dtf

J. S. MORRIS & SONS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS
AND

Fancy Goods,
154 MAIN STREET,
Between Fourth & Fifth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Henry Chambers & Co.
WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,
219 MAIN STREET,
Opposite Louisville Hotel,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

R. A. ROBINSON, CHAS. H. PETTET,
W. WALLACE POWERS, WM. A. ROBINSON.

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.
WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,
No. 515 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

EDWIN MORRIS. C. M. MORRIS.

EDWIN MORRIS & CO.,
WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,
No. 197 West Main St.,
(OLD NO. 523.)
BETWEEN FIFTH & SIXTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Clothing.

CHAS. C. JONES. PRES. H. TAPP.

JONES & TAPP,
WHOLESALE

CLOTHIERS,
NO. 200,
MAIN STREET,
Louisville, Ky.

SCOTT, DAVISON
& CO.,
Manufacturers
AND JOBBERS
OF
FINE
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS,
Corner Sixth & Main sts.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufactory 317 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

Dec. 9—ly.

Miscellaneous.

E. A. GARDNER. C. H. GARDNER.

GARDNER & Co
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
196
Main, bet. Fifth & Sixth Sts.,
(SOUTH SIDE,)
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Feb. 24—y

GREAT REDUCTION
IN
New Goods.
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
Offered to Merchants visiting Louisville. I have
just received an immense stock of
Fancy and White Goods, No-
tions, &c.,
Which must be sold to reduce my stock prepar-
atory to a temporary Removal while rebuilding
my present store. After the 1st of April, will
occupy the second floor over H. Burkhardt's,
next door.
H. B. BUCKNER.
No. 182 Main street, bet. 5th and 6th.
March 10—tf

Business Directory.

Agricultural Warehouse.

BRINK & RANSOM 36
Second below Main.
PITKIN, WARD & Co.
96 Main st., bet. 3d
and 4th, south side.
J. D. BONDURANT &
Co., 105 Main St. bet.
3d and 4th, north side.
BRINLY, DODGE &
HARDY, 112 Main
St., bet. 3d and 4th.
SHERMAN & CO., Main
bet. 6th and 7th sts.
Auction & Commission.

THOS. ANDERSON &
Co., Main bet. 5th and
6th sts.
Architects.
BRADSHAW & BRO.,
64 Main bet. 3d & 4th.
STANCLIFFE & VOG-
DES, Hamilton block,
cor. Main and 6th sts.
Boots and Shoes.
INGALLS & CO., 165
Main st., bet. 4th and
5th.

PIATT & ALLEN, 154
W. Main st., bet. 5th
and 6th.
LOW & WHITNEY,
140 W. Main st., bet.
5th and 6th.
L. L. WARREN & CO.,
618 Main st., bet. 6th
and 7th.
LISHY, WHITE &
COCHRAN, 214 W.
Main st., next to cor.
6th.

M. C. BUXBAUM &
CO., Main st., bet. 5th
and 6th.
STUTCLIFF, OWEN &
WOOD, 180 north side
Main st.

Boiler Makers.
JOHN PEARCE, Main
st., bet. 11th and 12th.
JOSEPH MITCHELL,
Main, bet. 12th and
13th sts., south side.

Commission.
DORN, BARKHOUSE
CO., 157 W. Main st.,
GEO. W. WICKS, 102,
Main st., bet. 3d and
4th.

STINE & CO., 69 Main
street.
Cement Manufacturers.
SCOWDEN, BUREAU &
CO., 4th st., bet. Main
and river.

Coal Dealers.
CHARLES MILLER,
4th bet. Main & river.
Crockery.

GODSHAW, FLEX-
NER & CO., W. Main
bet. 6th & 7th.
Carpets, Oil Cloths.

W. H. McKNIGHT, 114
Main, bet. 3d & 4th.
J. G. MATHERS & Co.,
106 Main bet. 3d & 4th.
DUVALL, KETCHUM
& CO., 81 Fourth st.,
bet. Main and Market.

Carrriages.
C. BRADLEY, Main
bet. Preston & Jack'n.
H. F. STONE, near s. e.
cor. Main and 1st.

BAKER & RUBEL,
Main bet. Brook &
Floyd.
HORACE GOOCH, Jef-
ferson, bet. 3d & 4th.

Clothing.
SCOTT, DAVILSON &
CO., s. w. cor. Main
& 6th.

JONES & TAPP, 200
Main St.
KAHN & WOLF, 157
West Main.

HARRIS, NAHM &
ROSENBAUM, n. w. cor.
Main & 5th.

Dry Goods.
T. & R. SLEVIN &
CAIN, 217 W. Main.
J. M. ROBINSON &
CO., 155 W. Main,
bet. 5th & 6th.

RAMBERGER, Bloom
& Co., 193 Main St.
TAPP, KENNEDY &
WALSH, 208 West
Main, bet. 7th & 8th.

CARTER & BRO., n. e.
cor. 6th & Main.
JOS. T. TOMPKINS,
6th St., bet. Main &
Market.

D. B. LEIGHT & CO.,
153 Main.
ANDERSON, Mc-
CAMPBELL & CO.,
Main, bet. 5th & 6th.

WM. KRISHABER,
Main, bet. 5th & 6th.
S. ULMAN & CO., Main
bet. 4th & 5th.

J. VON BORRIES &
CO., 163 Main, bet. 4th
& 5th.

E. HELLMAN & SONS,
Main, bet. 5th & 6th.
SMITH & WADE, 271
Main, north side.

Fancy Goods, No-
tions &c.
E. S. BUCKNER, Main
bet. 5th & 6th.

R. BROWN & CO., 199
Main street.
E. KLAUBER & CO.,
77, 5th st., bet. Main
and Market.

J. H. WRIGHT & CO.,
185 Main st., s. side.
HAYNES, NEEL & CO.,
241 Main st., bet. 6th
7th.

Foundries.
DAVIES & CO., No. 338,
cor. 9th and Main.
JULIUS BARBAROUX,
cor. Floyd and Wash-
ington sts.

SNEAD & CO., Market
bet. 8th and 9th sts.
PEARSON, AIKIN &
CO., 490 Main st., bet.
12th and 13th, n. e.

DENNIS LONG, 9th st.,
bet. Main and River.
Furniture.

JOHN M. STOKES &
SON, Main st., bet. 2d
and 3d.
JOHN SIMM, Main st.,
bet. 5th and 6th.

Groceries, &c.
JACOB F. WELLER,
39 West Main st., bet.
3d and 4th.
H. & W. O. GARD-
NER, 145 Main st.,
bet. 4th and 5th.

Miscellaneous.

GEO. B. BLANCHARD

SUCCESSOR TO GEO. B. BLANCHARD & BRO.,
IMPORTER

—OF—
Mens' Youths' & Childrens' CLOTHING,

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Of Every Description.

Lisle Thread Under Wear,
India Gauze " " " "

Check Muslin " " " "

Linen Drawers,
English Half Hose,

Cravats,
Ties,

Umbrellas,
Canes,

Perfumery,
Combs, Brushes, &c.

S. W. Corner Main and 2d Sts.,
Sign of the Golden Hand,
Louisville, Ky.

April 21—14

JOHN PEARCE,
MANUFACTURER OF
LOCOMOTIVE AND UPRIGHT
Tubular Boilers,
FLUE & PLAIN
Cylinder Boilers

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
LARD-TANKS, BANK-VAULTS,
Chemical and Varnish Makers'
KETTLES.

Repairing promptly attended to,
and all work warranted.

April 28—14

DUVALL, KETCHUM & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CARPETING, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, RUGS,
Mats, Fine Curtain Materials and
Trimnings,
House and Steamboat Furnishing Goods,
81 Fourth st., bet. Market and Main,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Our stock comprising in part of
Royal Velvet Carpets, English Brussels Carpets, English
Tapestry Carpets, American Tapestry Carpets,
Brussels Stair Carpets, Three-Ply Carpets,
Two-Ply Carpets, All Wool Ingrain Carpets,
Hemp and Cotton Carpets, and Stair Rugs.
All widths Floor Oil Cloths cut to suit the shape of
halls and rooms.
Having an entire new stock we offer every
inducement to purchasers in the style, quality,
and price of our goods. We ask an examina-
tion of our varied assortment, which we offer at
the lowest prices.
Carpets warranted as represented.
To dealers we offer unusual inducements in
prices of all grades Carpeting, Oil-Cloths, etc.
We are prepared to have Carpets and Curtains
made up at short notice.

DUVALL, KETCHUM & CO.,
No. 81 Fourth Street,
bet. Main and Market.

March 31—6m

Drs. T. W. & A. L. FOREMAN
ARE PERMANENTLY LOCATED ON
Chestnut St., between 14th and 15th,
Residence No. 571.

Offer their professional services as Physicians to
the citizens of Louisville, Ky., and the coun-
try around, in all the various branches of their
profession.

Dr. T. W. Foreman having been for the last
twenty years closely engaged in the treatment
of Female Diseases, Diseases of the Lungs, Eye,
Scrofula, &c., feels confident of being able to
give satisfaction to all those who may call on
him. Office at his residence, No. 571.

April 21—14

Hats and Caps.

JOHANBOEKE & BRO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS,
AND
STRAW GOODS,

No. 195, North side Main St.,
Bet. Fifth and Sixth, up stairs,
Louisville, Ky.

We would respectfully call the attention of
Merchants to the following facts:

That we have an experience of sixteen years
in the manufacture, buying and selling of Hats.

We have, since we commenced Jobbing,
sold Hats with less profit than any house West.
April 14—3m

SPRING OPENING
THOMPSON & EDELEN
WHOLESALE
HATTERS,

269 WEST MAIN STREET,
(Between 7th and 8th.)
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Are now opening a large and carefully select-
ed stock of

LADIES' GENTS',
MISSSES' BOYS',
AND CHILDREN'S
Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods.

Comprising all the latest devices in Panama,
Leghorn, Straw, Palm-leaf, Fur, Silk, Velvets,
Cloth, and Wool, which they are offering at the
very lowest Cash prices.

Our old friends and customers, and the trade
generally, are politely requested to favor us
with a call.

Orders respectfully solicited.
March 10—14

THOMPSON & EDELEN.

Boots and Shoes.

Wm. Piatt. J. D. Allen.

PIATT & ALLEN,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
BOOTS AND SHOES

No. 195
WEST MAIN STREET,
Between Fifth and Sixth,
Louisville, Ky.

Andrew Low. ROLAND WHITNEY.

LOW & WHITNEY,
WHOLESALE
MANUFACTURERS,
AND DEALERS IN
BOOTS & SHOES

190 Main Street,
Between Fifth and Sixth, South Side,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

March 24—14

Books & Stationery.

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

No. 156 West Main St.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Publishers,
Booksellers,
Stationers
AND
Blank Book
MANUFACTURERS.

THE attention of dealers is especially called
to our large stock of SCHOOL BOOKS, em-
bracing a complete assortment of all Books in
use in the Schools and Colleges of THE SOUTH-
WESTERN STATES, which our position as THE ONLY
SOUTHWESTERN HOUSE ENGAGED IN THE PUBLICATION
OF SCHOOL BOOKS, enables us to offer on the most
favorable terms. In the other departments of
our business, our stock will be found equally
complete.

Law, Medical & Miscellaneous Books,
Writing Paper, Envelopes and
Stationery of all kinds.

All Orders will receive prompt and
careful attention.
Feb. 3—14

GOLDEN-HARP
MUSIC STORE,
91 WEST JEFFERSON STREET,
Louisville, Ky.

McCARRELL & MEININGER,
MUSIC PUBLISHERS, ETC.,
SOLE AGENTS
For the following Instruments:

PIANOS,
The Schomacker Piano—\$500 and upwards.
McPhail Piano, " " \$100 " "
Allen & Jewett Piano, " " \$300 " "

All 7 to 1-3 octaves, in Rosewood,
CHURCH (PIPE) ORGANS.

E. & G. G. HOOK ARE THE LARGEST
E. and best Organ builders in America—are
now constructing the largest organ ever built on
this continent, to cost \$25,000 (twenty-five thou-
sand dollars). Church Vestries, Sessions, etc.,
desiring a Pipe Organ, should by all means
write to us immediately. Prices \$1,500 to \$25,-
000.

CHURCH (REED) ORGANS.
For the use of small Churches, Halls, Lodges,
Schools and the family circle, there is nothing
in the country equal to the TAYLOR & FAR-
LEY Organ; finished in numerous different
styles. Prices \$120 and upwards.

In Sheet Music, Instruction-Books, Small In-
struments, Strings, etc., etc., our assortment
superior. Teachers, Schools, etc., supplied on
liberal terms. Address
McCARRELL & MEININGER,
91 West Jefferson street,
Louisville, Ky.

March 31—3m

M. C. BUXBAUM & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES

No. 194 Main Street,
BET. FIFTH AND SIXTH, SOUTH SIDE,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Feb. 24—7m

D. B. LEIGHT & CO.,
DRY GOODS
MERCHANTS,

North West Corner 7th & Main Streets
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dec. 2—14

REMOVAL!

KAHN & WOLF,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF
Ready-Made
CLOTHING,

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW
STORE HOUSE,
NO. 270 MAIN STREET
SOUTH SIDE,

A few doors below Seventh.

Where they will be happy to see their old
friends and customers, and the trade generally.
Buying exclusively for Cash, and Manufactur-
ing their Goods in Philadelphia under the
superintendence of one of the firm, give them
facilities in business unsurpassed by any house
in the West.

They are now receiving from their Manufac-
tury a large and varied stock, adapted to the
Spring and Summer Trade, and will sell their
goods as low as they can be had in any of the
Eastern Markets.

MANUFACTORY, NO. 23 SOUTH FOURTH
STREET, PHILADELPHIA, Pa.
June 23—3m. KAHN & WOLF.

Dry Goods.

CARTER & BROTHER,

JOBBERS IN
Staple and Fancy
DRY GOODS,
AND
NOTIONS.

Cor. Sixth & Main Sts.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Groceries.

GEO. W. MORRIS,
WHOLESALE
GROCER,
AND
DEALER IN
Foreign Fruits.

No. 113 Main Street,
(North side),
BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Agent for the sale of the Best Brands of Cop-
per Distilled Whisky.

WHERE can be found at all times a large and well
assorted stock of choice Goods, embracing a greater
variety than is usually kept in houses in this line of busi-
ness here or elsewhere. City and Country Merchants
are invited to call and examine for themselves before
making their purchases.
Feb. 24—14

J. ANTHONY,
DEALER IN PURE
COPPER DISTILLED WHISKY

Foreign and Domestic
LIQUORS,
Pickles,
Cider,
Sour Krout,
Potatoes,
Butter,
Eggs, &c., &c.

And also Manufacturer of
PURE CIDER VINEGAR.

A large supply constantly in store, low to the
trade.
No. 27, Fourth St., bet. Main and Water,
April 21—3m

Rolling Mill.

LOUISVILLE
ROLLING MILL COMPANY
T. C. COLEMAN, President.

Warehouse Main St., bet. Bullitt & Fifth.
MANUFACTURE and KEEP CONSTANT-
LY ON HAND the Largest and Most Complete
Assortment in the West of all kinds of

Bar, Boiler, Sheet & Roof
IRON,
All warranted of Superior Quality.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
English, German and American
STEEL,
NAILS, SPIKES, ANVILS VISES, AX-
LES, HORSE AND MULE SHOES
AND NAILS, &c.

All at the Lowest Market Rates.
Highest prices paid for Wrought and
Cast Scrap.

Stove-Pipe and Roofing Iron.
A Large Assortment of SHEET IRON, of
our own manufacture, from

No. 10 to 27, STONECOAL and CHARCOAL,
On hand and for sale, low.

LOUISVILLE ROLLING MILL CO.

J. M. WRIGHT,
Attorney at Law,
Office No. 8 Bank Building, corner of Sixth
and Main Streets,
Louisville, Ky.

April 14—6m

W. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER,
S. W. COR. SEVENTH & JEFFERSON STS.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Now RECEIVING, LARGE SUPPLIES
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South Side,
Between Seventh and Eighth,
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Old No. 606 Main Street, New No. 217
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